1	JOHN L. BURRIS, Esq., SBN 69888 BENJAMIN NISENBAUM, Esq., SBN 222173				
2	JAMES COOK, Esq., SBN 300212				
3	Burris Nisenbaum Curry & Lacy, LLP 7677 Oakport Street, Suite 1120				
4	Oakland, California 94621				
5	Telephone: (510) 839-5200 Facsimile: (510) 839-3882				
6	John.Burris@bncllaw.com				
	Ben.Nisenbaum@bncllaw.com James.Cook@bncllaw.com				
7					
8	Attorneys for Plaintiffs				
9		DICTRICT COURT			
10	UNITED STATES	S DISTRICT COURT			
11	FOR THE NORTHERN D	DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA			
12					
13	TRENT ALLEN, individually; SHAGOOFA	CASE NO.: 3:23-cv-01895-VC			
	KHAN, individually; ADAM CARPENTER,	Consolidated with case nos.			
14	individually; JOSHUA BUTLER, individually; DEJON RICHARDS,	23-cv-03773-VC and 3:23-cv-06573-VC			
15	individually, DEJON RICHARDS, individually; DRESHAWN JACKSON,	FIRST AMENDED CONSOLIDATED			
16	individually; KARDELL SMITH, individually; DAVID MACKIN, individually;	COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES			
ا 17	TERRY DWAYNE ROBINSON, JR.,	DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL			
18	individually; MANDINGO CAIN, individually; AMADEO GARCIA, JR.,				
19	individually; ARON TYSON, individually;				
20	DAUNTE GELLINGTON, individually; ROBERT YOUNG, individually; TERRY				
	THOMAS, individually; SHAQUILLE				
21	HILLARD, individually; DANYEL EARL LACY, individually; KAYCEE SUITTER,				
22	individually; MARCELL LEWIS,				
23	individually; GREGORIO YARBOROUGH, individually; QUINCY MASON, individually;				
24	TAHJAY MCCULLOUGH, individually;				
25	JAMARI ALLEN; individually;				
26	Plaintiffs,				
27	V.				
28	CITY OF ANTIOCH, a municipal				

1	corporation; ROB BERNAL, individually and
2	in his official capacity as the City Manager for the CITY OF ANTIOCH; CORNELIUS
3	JOHNSON, individually and in his official
	capacity as the City Manager for the CITY OF
4	ANTIOCH; FORREST EBBS, individually and in his official capacity as the City
5	Manager for the CITY OF ANTIOCH;
6	KWAME REED, individually and in his
	official capacity as the City Manager for the CITY OF ANTIOCH; TAMMANY
7	BROOKS, individually and in his official
8	capacity as police chief for the CITY OF
9	ANTIOCH; TONY MOREFIELD, individually and in his official capacity as
	interim police chief for the CITY OF
10	ANTIOCH; STEVEN FORD, individually and
11	in his official capacity as police chief for the CITY OF ANTIOCH; MATTHEW NUTT,
12	individually and in his official capacity as a
	police officer for the CITY OF ANTIOCH;
13	JOSH EVANS, individually and in his official capacity as a police sergeant for the CITY OF
14	ANTIOCH; ERIC ROMBOUGH, individually
15	and in his official capacity as a police officer for the CITY OF ANTIOCH; MORTEZA
16	AMIRI, individually and in his official
17	capacity as a police officer for the CITY OF
	ANTIOCH; SCOTT DUGGAR, individually and in his official capacity as a police officer
18	for the CITY OF ANTIOCH; JOHN
19	RAMIREZ, individually and in his official
20	capacity as a police officer for the CITY OF ANTIOCH; TIMOTHY MANLY
	WILLIAMS, individually and in his official
21	capacity as a police officer for the CITY OF
22	ANTIOCH; TOM LENDERMAN, individually and in his official capacity as a
23	police officer for the CITY OF ANTIOCH;
	LOREN BLEDSOE, individually and in his
24	official capacity as a police sergeant for the CITY OF ANTIOCH; THOMAS SMITH,
25	individually and in his official capacity as a
26	police officer for the CITY OF ANTIOCH; CALVIN PRIETO, individually and in his
27	official capacity as a police officer for the
	CITY OF ANTIOCH; ANDREA
28	RODRIGUEZ, individually and in her official

capacity as a police officer for the CITY OF ANTIOCH; JONATHAN ADAMS, 2 individually and in his official capacity as a police officer for the CITY OF ANTIOCH; DEVEN WENGER, individually and in his official capacity as a police officer for the CITY OF ANTIOCH; DANIEL HARRIS, individually and in his official capacity as a police officer for the CITY OF ANTIOCH; 6 ROBERT GERBER, individually and in his official capacity as a police officer for the CITY OF ANTIOCH; KYLE HILL, individually and in his official capacity as a police officer for the CITY OF ANTIOCH; Officer BROCK MARCOTTE, individually and in his official capacity as a police officer 10 for the CITY OF ANTIOCH; ARRON HUGHES, individually and in his official 11 capacity as a police officer for the CITY OF ANTIOCH; RYAN GEIS, individually and in his official capacity as a police officer for the 13 CITY OF ANTIOCH; ANTIOCH POLICE DEPARTMENT OFFICER MOORE. 14 individually and in his official capacity as a police officer for the CITY OF ANTIOCH; 15 JIMMY WISECARVER, individually and in his official capacity as a police sergeant for the 16 CITY OF ANTIOCH: RICK HOFFMAN. 17 individually and in his official capacity as a police sergeant for the CITY OF ANTIOCH: 18 and DOES 1-100, inclusive, 19 Defendants.

2021

22

23

25

26

27

INTRODUCTION

1. In the early 2000's, Black and brown people migrated away from east and west Oakland's urban sprawl, blight, and oppressive policing. They relocated east to cities such as Tracy, Pittsburgh, and Antioch. They sought the imprimatur of authentic citizenship intrinsic in the greenery and rolling hills of those East Bay communities. Instead, these people were subjected to a systematic and intentional effort to repress their existence through discriminatory and violent

28

5

10

1213

14

15

16

17

18

19

2021

22

2324

2526

27

28

policing. The victims complained about the conspiracy, spoken or unspoken, of abuse over the years. Their calls for justice and reform went unheard for years. On April 11, 2023, local media published certified proof of the depth of many Antioch Police Department Officers' bigotry, racism, willingness to falsify evidence, and their insider celebration of their own uses of unconstitutional and unreasonable force.

2. On March 28, 2023, the Office of the District Attorney of Contra Costa County published an investigative report detailing crimes of moral turpitude and criminal offenses committed by sworn law enforcement officers within the CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Department. From 2019-2022, Antioch police officers and sergeants exchanged hundreds of salacious text messages riddled with vile and offensive language about community members. In those text threads, officers bragged about using excessive force and beating arrest subjects so severely that the officers themselves hurt their hands and feet. The District Attorney's report detailed "derogatory, homophobic, and sexually explicit language and photographs shared by members of the Antioch Police Department that demonstrates their racial bias and animus towards African Americans and other people of color in the community." Over a period of at least four years, the Antioch Police Department officers regularly referred to citizens as "niggers," "niggas," "monkeys," "gorillas," "faggots," "water buffalos," "cunts," "pussies," "fat bitches," and more. Officers celebrated the violent targeting of Black community members ("we just ran down a monkey"; "I'm only stopping them cuz they black [sic]"; "I'll bury that nigger in my fields"; "I can't wait to forty all of them"). Furthermore, officers admitted to serious acts of lying and falsification ("we'll just say he refused to comply"; "I sometimes just say people gave me a full confession when they didn't, gets filed easier [sic]"). Appallingly, at least 45 officers participated in or were aware of this misconduct and did nothing.

- 3. The widespread abuse by large numbers of the Antioch Police Department population, detailed in the investigative report, highlights a pattern and practice of discriminatory law enforcement based on race and gender. Officers engaged in vile derogatory speech, physical mistreatment of community members, and violations of individual civil rights. The abuses in question were the product of a culture of intolerance within the CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Department. This culture is rooted in the deliberate indifference of high-ranking City officials, who have routinely acquiesced in the misconduct and otherwise failed to take necessary measures to curtail and prevent it. Despite the repeated and frequent nature of the misconduct and civil rights violations committed by its officers, high ranking CITY OF ANTIOCH officials failed to take any or appropriate remedial action. As a result, officers engaged in repeated and serious acts of misconduct and civil rights violations against citizens living, visiting, and/or traveling in Antioch.
- 4. Plaintiffs, all of whom experienced malicious treatment by Antioch Police

 Department officers during the time frame in which officers exchanged these text

 messages, recently discovered that the officers' treatment of them was based in racial animus,

 misogyny, homophobia, and other offensive conduct. Plaintiffs have reason to believe that each of
 their interactions with Antioch Police Department officers constituted numerous civil rights

 violations. Plaintiffs are informed and believe and thereon allege that said civil rights violations
 and/or misconduct included, and were not limited to, assaults, beatings, false arrests, unreasonable
 searches and seizures, intimidation, false imprisonment, malicious prosecution, denial of equal
 protection, racial discrimination, conspiracy to violate civil rights and/or other misconduct.
- 5. Plaintiffs, demanding a jury trial, bring this action against the above-named

 Defendants, inclusive, pursuant to Title 42 U.S.C. §§ 1983 and 1988, and the Fourth Amendment to
 the United States Constitution. It is alleged that these violations were committed during the course

government agencies and DOES 1-100.

3

4

5 6

7 8

9

10

11

12

13 14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27 28

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

and scope of the above-mentioned law enforcement officers' employment with the aforementioned

6. This action arises under Title 42 of the United States Code, §§ 1981, 1983, and 1985. Title 28 of the United States Code, §§ 1331 and 1343 confers jurisdiction upon this Court. The unlawful acts and practices alleged herein occurred in California, which is within the judicial district of this Court. Venue is proper in this Court under 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b) because Defendants are believed to reside in this district and all incidents, events, and occurrences giving rise to this action occurred in this district.

PARTIES

7. Plaintiff TRENT ALLEN ("ALLEN") has been and is a resident of California and a United States Citizen. He brings this action on his own behalf. On March 30, 2021, Mr. ALLEN was arrested and brutally beaten by Defendant CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Officer ERIC ROMBOUGH. Leading up to ALLEN's arrest, Defendant ROMBOUGH exchanged text messages about TRENT ALLEN with many CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Officers, including Defendant Officers ROBERT GERBER, JONATHAN ADAMS, BROCK MARCOTTE, and THOMAS SMITH. These messages included photographs of TRENT ALLEN before and after his arrest, including injuries Mr. ALLEN sustained during the arrest, and describing Mr. ALLEN in homophobic and racially-charged language. Notably, Defendant ROMBOUGH bragged about his conduct in arresting TRENT ALLEN, stating in text messages that he "40d [ALLEN] right next to his throat," gave ALLEN "6 muzzle thumps," and that he tried to "kick [ALLEN'S] head over the fence." ROMBOUGH also stated "I tried to knock him unconscious" and referred to ALLEN as "faggot" and "nigger" multiple times. Defendant CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Officers, including Defendants Officer MARCOTTE, TIMOTHY MANLY-WILLIAMS, SCOTT DUGGAR, JOSH

EVANS, GARCIA, ADAMS, SMITH, and GERBER, each participated in text conversations celebrating the violence ROMBOUGH inflicted on TRENT ALLEN during his arrest. Concurrent to Defendant CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Department's criminal investigation into TRENT ALLEN, Defendant MANLY WILLIAMS did knowingly engage in illegal wiretap and destruction of evidence. TRENT ALLEN remains in-custody, having been incarcerated since his arrest on March 30, 2021.

- 8. Plaintiff SHAGOOFA KHAN ("KHAN") has been and is a resident of California and a United States Citizen. She brings this action on her own behalf. Ms. KHAN was arrested and prosecuted maliciously and without provocation or cause by Defendant CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Officers in January, 2021. Ms. KHAN was charged with felony arson and battery on an officer. KHAN completed diversion; however she never entered a plea agreement. The charges were eventually dismissed. The arresting Defendant CITY OF ANTIOCH Officers, included but not limited to Defendants EVANS, MANLY WILLIAMS, TOM LENDERMAN, LOREN BLEDSOE, and SMITH, are key participants in the ongoing investigation by Federal Agencies into the discriminatory text messages sent among CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Department officers and sergeants. Concurrent with Ms. KHAN's arrest, Defendant Officer EVANS sent racist and misogynistic text messages about her to multiple CITY OF ANTIOCH officers, including Defendant Officers ROMBOUGH, MANLY WILLIAMS, BLEDSOE, and SMITH, in which EVANS described Ms. Khan as an Arabian knight's [sic] 'cum dumpster.'"
- 9. Plaintiff **ADAM CARPENTER** ("CARPENTER") has been and is a resident of California and a United States Citizen. He brings this action on his own behalf. CARPENTER was arrested maliciously and without provocation or cause on November 3, 2020 by multiple CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Officers, including Defendants MORTEZA AMIRI, ROMBOUGH, DUGGAR, and MANLY WILLIAMS. From January 2020 up until the date of his arrest, these and other CITY

OF ANTIOCH Police Officers conducted nearly ten traffic stops on Mr. CARPENTER. Concurrent with CARPENTER's arrest and traffic stops, Defendant Officers including ROMBOUGH, DUGGAR, AMIRI, and MANLY WILLIAMS, planned via text message to arrest and tow people for "driving while black," and referred to the subjects of such stops as "monkeys," "gorillas," "niggers," and "turds." Defendant AMIRI texted Defendant Officers to "keep their cameras off," and that the "game plan" was to "violate rights, forty people, and catch turds." Defendants MARCOTTE and ROMBOUGH similarly texted describing their on-duty conduct near the time of CARPENTER's arrest as "violating civil rights." While Mr. CARPENTER was subjected to multiple traffic stops, Defendant Officers RODRIGUEZ and PRIETO agreed to write a large amount of traffic citations in and around Antioch, targeting a specific group of people they referred to as "niggers."

and a United States Citizen. He brings this action on his own behalf. Mr. BUTLER was arrested maliciously and without provocation or cause by Defendant CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Officers in February, 2022. Multiple Defendant Officers, including JOSH EVANS, arrested BUTLER for allegedly discharging a firearm, despite never finding a weapon. Concurrent with Mr. BUTLER's arrest, Defendant CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Officers, including Defendant Officer EVANS, sent numerous text messages about Black people, calling them "gorillas," "niggers," "monkeys," and using other targeted slurs to refer to subjects (i.e.: "faggot," "pussies," "cunt," "fat bitch"). EVANS sent text messages to other CITY OF ANTIOCH Officers in which he lamented that bruises "never look as good on black guys." In these text messages, Defendant EVANS regularly referred to Black people as "niggers." Discussing an unknown subject, EVANS texted Defendant AMIRI: "I'm going

¹ Defendants use language describing feces such as "[number] 2's", "pieces of shit", and "turds" throughout their text threads as a reference to Black and Brown people.

to bury that nigger in my fields" and "yes, it was a hard R on purpose." Since the date of the arrest, DEFENDANTS Officers of Defendant CITY OF ANTIOCH have conducted nearly ten traffic stops on Mr. BUTLER, each time verbally accosting him with racist slurs and obscenities. None of these traffic stops have resulted in additional arrests. On May 26, 2023, BUTLER's firearm case was dismissed.

- California and a United States Citizen. He brings this action on his own behalf. Mr. RICHARDS was arrested and brutalized in 2020 by Defendant CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Department Officers, including Defendant Officer DUGGAR. During the arrest, DUGGAR repeatedly called RICHARDS a "bitch," told him that he had no rights, and slammed RICHARDS' head on the carcausing a laceration to the left side of his face. Concurrent to Mr. RICHARDS' arrest, DUGGAR sent text messages to other Antioch officers in which he referred to Black people as "niggas."

 Around the time of RICHARDS' arrest, Defendant DUGGAR also participated in text message threads with Defendant CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Officers in which they discussed plans to violate civil rights while on duty, and celebrated images of injuries inflicted by CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Officers. One image was so offensive it caused a Defendant CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Sergeant to respond: "we're all going to prison." Mr. RICHARDS was incarcerated for one year prior to his case being dismissed.
- 12. Plaintiff **DRESHAWN JACKSON** ("JACKSON") has been and is a resident of California and a United States Citizen. He brings this action on his own behalf. JACKSON was arrested in 2018 by CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Department Officers, including Defendant CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Officer ROMBOUGH. During the arrest, ROMBOUGH admitted to JACKSON that he had "a beer or two," then demanded that JACKSON get out of the car. JACKSON was charged with possession of a firearm and was incarcerated for 15 months. In April,

2022, JACKSON's case was dismissed by the District Attorney. While employed as a Defendant CITY OF ANTIOCH Police officer, Defendant ROMBOUGH along with Defendants AMIRI and WENGER conspired and agreed together and with other CITY OF ANTIOCH Police officers to injure, oppress, threaten, and intimidate residents of Antioch, California and the surrounding districts. As a part of this scheme, ROMBOUGH, AMIRI, and WENGER used force as punishment to subjects beyond any imposed by the criminal justice system, and repeatedly referenced violating civil rights while acting in their official capacity for Defendant CITY OF ANTIOCH. Defendant ROMBOUGH proudly admitted to brutalizing arrestees on multiple occasions and often referred to arrestees with homophobic and racially-charged language. Moreover, concurrent to the arrest of DRESHAWN JACKSON, Defendant ROMBOUGH was collecting spent 40 mm ammunitions which he used to create a "trophy flag" to commemorate his use of force on individuals in and around Antioch. ROMBOUGH bragged about this flag in multiple text messages with Defendant CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Department officers and others.

California and a United States Citizen. He brings this action on his own behalf. KARDELL SMITH was arrested on state possession charges in 2019 by Defendant CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Officers, including Defendant Officers AMIRI and ROMBOUGH. KARDELL SMITH served parole and then later was picked up on the same charges by the federal government. On April 13, 2022, a federal judge dismissed KARDELL SMITH's case, dropped every charge, and withdrew all previous pleadings. Concurrent with CARPENTER's arrest Defendant Officers including ROMBOUGH and AMIRI exchanged text messages about Black people in and around Antioch, calling them "gorillas," "niggers," "monkeys," and using other targeted slurs to refer to subjects (i.e.: "faggot," "pussies," "cunt," "fat bitch"). AMIRI and ROMBOUGH proudly admitted to brutalizing arrestees on multiple occasions within these threads. ROMBOUGH boasted about

8

10 11

12

13

14 15

16

17

18

19

2021

22

24

23

2526

27

28

"violating civil rights" and "only stopping [people] cuz they black [sic]." AMIRI admitted to serious offenses including falsification, claiming: "I sometimes just say people gave me a full confession when they didn't. gets filed easier [sic]."

14. Plaintiff **DAVID MACKIN** ("MACKIN") has been and is a resident of California and a United States Citizen. He brings this action on his own behalf. MACKIN was brutalized on June 15, 2021, by CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Department Officers, including Defendant Officer ROMBOUGH. As a result of this encounter, Mr. MACKIN was beaten so severely that he sustained a metacarpal fracture in his foot, spent six months in a wheelchair, and underwent multiple surgeries. Two days before arresting MACKIN, Defendant CITY OF ANTIOCH Officers ROMBOUGH and AMIRI made plans to "dog bite" and "40mm deployment" when they would next be on duty together, i.e. the day Mr. MACKIN was subjected to the use of extreme force by Defendants. In the days following Mr. MACKIN's arrest, AMIRI and ROMBOUGH exchanged texts about an email from Defendant CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Department leadership, regarding "the new BWC and MVAR policies are effective immediately, and the use of these devices should start at the beginning of the next scheduled shift." AMIRI and ROMBOUGH both agreed they were "over it," and later strategized as to avoid being caught on each other's cameras. Officers AMIRI and ROMBOUGH have since been federally indicted for violating civil rights during a time frame in which Mr. MACKIN's violent arrest occurred.

15. Plaintiff **TERRY DWAYNE ROBINSON**, **JR.** ("ROBINSON") has been and is a resident of California and a United States Citizen. He brings this action on his own behalf.

ROBINSON was arrested and brutalized on July 1, 2022, by Defendant CITY OF ANTIOCH police officers, including Defendant Officer MATTHEW NUTT. NUTT is implicated in the District Attorney's investigation into the discriminatory text messages sent among Antioch Police

16.

6

7

10

9

12

11

13 14

15

16

17 18

19

20

21

22 23

24 25

26

27

28

Plaintiff MANDINGO CAIN ("CAIN") has been and is a resident of California and a United States Citizen. He brings this action on his own behalf. CAIN was searched and arrested without provocation or cause by CITY OF ANTIOCH police officers in October, 2022. The officers

Department officers and sergeants. NUTT was a member of these group text changes and received

eventually dismissed. At least one of the Defendant CITY OF ANTIOCH officers is a key

accused CAIN of illegally transporting a firearm. Mr. CAIN was charged, but the charges were

participant in the District Attorney's investigation into the discriminatory text messages sent among

Antioch Police Department officers and sergeants.

all of the salacious text messages uncovered in this scandal.

17. Plaintiff **AMADEO GARCIA**, **JR.** ("GARCIA") has been and is a resident of California and a United States Citizen. He brings this action on his own behalf. GARCIA was arrested and brutalized on December 19, 2022, by multiple Defendant CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Officers who conducted an unlawful search of GARCIA's vehicle. GARCIA was charged with multiple counts of possession, but these charges were eventually dismissed.

- 18. Plaintiff ARON TYSON ("TYSON") has been and is a resident of California and a United States Citizen. He brings this action on his own behalf. In August, 2019, Mr. TYSON was arrested and brutalized by Defendant CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Officers when they conducted an unlawful search of TYSON's vehicle. TYSON was charged with possession, but the charges were eventually dismissed in August 2022.
- 19. Plaintiff **DAUNTE GELLINGTON** ("GELLINGTON") has been and is a resident of California and a United States Citizen. He brings this action on his own behalf. Mr. GELLINGTON was brutalized on April 30, 2023, by several CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Officers who falsely accused him of threatening his brother. Mr. GELLINGTON was beaten so severely by

knees and shoulders.

violence he inflicted on his victims.

20. Plaintiff ROBERT YOUNG ("YOUNG") has been and is a resident of California and a United States Citizen. He brings this action on his own behalf. YOUNG was harassed and robbed on July 3, 2022 by Defendant CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Officer ERIC ROMBOUGH.

Officer ROMBOUGH is a key participant in the District Attorney's investigation into the discriminatory text messages sent among Antioch Police Department officers and sergeants.

ROMBOUGH boasted about "violating civil rights" and collecting trophies to commemorate the

CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Officers that he sustained a broken toe, bruised ribs, and scars on his

- 21. Plaintiff **TERRY THOMAS** ("THOMAS") has been and is a resident of California and a United States Citizen. He brings this action on his own behalf. THOMAS was slammed to the ground and arrested during an illegal search of his mother's home on July 12, 2022, by several CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Officers, including Defendants ROMBOUGH, GERBER, and HILL. TERRY THOMAS was charged with murder and incarcerated, but the charges were ultimately dismissed in August, 2023. Officer ROMBOUGH is a key participant in the District Attorney's investigation into the discriminatory text messages sent among Antioch Police Department officers and sergeants. ROMBOUGH boasted about "violating civil rights" and "only stopping [people] cuz they black [sic]." Officer GERBER is also implicated in the District Attorney's investigation into the discriminatory text messages sent among Antioch Police Department officers and sergeants. GERBER sent text messages containing photos of gorillas and referring to Black people as "fag[s]" to other Antioch officers.
- 22. Plaintiff **SHAQUILLE HILLARD** ("HILLARD") has been and is a resident of California and a United States Citizen. He brings this action on his own behalf. HILLARD was searched and arrested without provocation or cause in April, 2022, by CITY OF ANTIOCH Police

9 | 10

Department officers, including but not limited to Defendant Officers HUGHES and AMIRI. Mr. HILLARD was illegally searched and charged with gun possession. HILLARD was also harassed by CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Officers throughout multiple incidents occurring between January of 2020 and September of 2022. Concurrently, Defendant CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Officers, including AMIRI and HUGHES, planned and celebrated forcible civil rights violations within discriminatory text messages among Antioch Police Department officers and sergeants. During this time Defendant AMIRI also admitted to serious offenses of falsification, claiming: "I sometimes just say people gave me a full confession when they didn't. gets filed easier [sic]."

- 23. Plaintiff **DANYEL EARL LACY** ("LACY") has been and is a resident of California and a United States Citizen. He brings this action on his own behalf. Mr. LACY was maliciously targeted, wrongfully searched, and wrongfully arrested by several CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Officers including Defendant Officers ROMBOUGH, MANLY WILLIAMS, and HUGHES, in April, 2022 at 1600 Buchanan Road in Antioch, CA. The CITY OF ANTIOCH police officers searched a car that did not belong to LACY, claimed to find a firearm, and then arrested LACY. Mr. LACY was charged with illegal possession of a firearm and spent three months in jail, but all charges were eventually dismissed in August 2023.
- 24. Plaintiff **KAYCEE SUITTER** ("SUITTER") has been and is a resident of California and a United States Citizen. She brings this action on her own behalf. On December 19, 2022, Ms. SUITTER was unlawfully held, handcuffed, and searched in a parking garage while with her boyfriend, Plaintiff AMADEO GARCIA, by Defendant CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Officers including but not limited to Defendant Officers MARCOTTE, SMITH, and RODRIGUEZ. After the search SUITTER was charged with possession of cocaine with intent to distribute; possession of fentanyl and methamphetamine; and possession of a firearm, but all charges were dismissed on December 27, 2022. Defendant Officers MARCOTTE, SMITH, and RODRIGUEZ are all key

participants in the District Attorney's investigation into the discriminatory text messages sent among Antioch Police Department officers and sergeants. Defendant Officer SMITH sent text messages to other CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Officers in which he referred to Black people as "niggas" and to women as "bitches." Defendant Officer RODRIGUEZ sent texts agreeing to target Black people for traffic citations, stating that it "will be easy" and "a good time."

- 25. Plaintiff MARCELL LEWIS ("LEWIS") has been and is a resident of California and a United States Citizen. He brings this action on his own behalf. On November 15, 2020, Mr. LEWIS was unlawfully held, handcuffed, and searched by CITY OF ANTIOCH police officers including but not limited to Defendant Officer AMIRI. Subsequent to Mr. LEWIS's encounter with CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Officers, Defendant AMIRI shared in a text message that the word "nigger" is commonly "commonly used around the [CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Department] tbh. Every group messages with supervisors and IA sgt's matter of fact it was just said today in our group thread with multiple supervisors in it."
- 26. Plaintiff **GREGORIO YARBOROUGH** ("YARBOROUGH") has been and is a resident of California and a United States Citizen. He brings this action on his own behalf. On August 15, 2023, Defendant CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Officer RYAN GEIS used excessive force when he shot YARBOROUGH without justification.
- 27. Plaintiff **QUINCY MASON** ("MASON") has been and is a resident of California and a United States Citizen. He brings this action on his own behalf. In June of 2022, CITY OF ANITIOCH Police Department officers, including Defendant ROMBOUGH, assaulted Mr. MASON without justification.
- 28. Plaintiff **TAHJAY MCCULLOUGH** ("MCCULLOUGH") has been and is a resident of California and a United States Citizen. He brings this action on his own behalf. On November 10, 2020, CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Department officers, including Defendant

Officers PRIETO, RODRIQUEZ, AMIRI, and MOORE, physically assaulted Mr. MCCULLOUGH without justification.

- 29. Plaintiff **JAMARI ALLEN** ("JAMARI ALLEN") has been and is a resident of California and a United States Citizen. He brings this action on his own behalf. On approximately August 22 or 23, 2020, several CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Department officers, including Defendant AMIRI, needlessly and repeatedly [sic] an Antioch Police Department canine on JAMARI ALLEN to cause him injury after he had already surrendered and was in the custody of Defendant Officers.
- 30. Defendant **CITY OF ANTIOCH** ("CITY") is an incorporated public entity duly authorized and existing as such in and under the laws of the State of California; and at all times herein mentioned, Defendant City has possessed the power and authority to adopt policies and prescribe rules, regulations and practices affecting the operation of the CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Department and its tactics, methods, practices, customs and usage. At all relevant times, Defendant CITY was the employer of Defendant OFFICERS, individually and as peace officers.
- 31. Defendant **ROB BERNAL**, ("BERNAL") at all times mentioned herein, was employed by Defendant CITY OF ANTIOCH as the City Manager from March, 2017, through the end of the year 2021. He is being sued individually and in his official capacity as the Manager for the CITY OF ANTIOCH. Plaintiffs allege that as City Manager, BERNAL had final policy-making authority over CITY OF ANTIOCH POLICE DEPARTMENT policies and procedures. At all material times, BERNAL was responsible for supervising, enacting, and enforcing CITY OF ANTIOCH POLICE DEPARTMENT conduct, policies, and practices including the absence of needed policies and practices; and for the hiring, retention, supervision, and training of employees, agents, and leadership of CITY Police Department.

32. Defendant CORNELIUS JOHNSON , ("JOHNSON") at all times mentioned herein
was employed by Defendant CITY OF ANTIOCH as the City Manager from or around December
16, 2021, through approximately July 14, 2023. He is being sued individually and in his official
capacity as the Manager for the CITY OF ANTIOCH. Plaintiffs allege that as City Manager,
JOHNSON had final policy-making authority over CITY OF ANTIOCH POLICE DEPARTMENT
policies and procedures. At all material times, JOHNSON was responsible for supervising,
enacting, and enforcing CITY OF ANTIOCH POLICE DEPARTMENT conduct, policies, and
practices including the absence of needed policies and practices; and for the hiring, retention,
supervision, and training of employees, agents, and leadership of CITY Police Department.

- 33. Defendant **FOREST EBBS**, ("EBBS") at all times mentioned herein, was employed by Defendant CITY OF ANTIOCH as the City Manager following the resignation of JOHNSON. He is being sued individually and in his official capacity as the Manager for the CITY OF ANTIOCH. Plaintiffs allege that as City Manager, EBBS had final policy-making authority over CITY OF ANTIOCH POLICE DEPARTMENT policies and procedures. At all material times, EBBS was responsible for supervising, enacting, and enforcing CITY OF ANTIOCH POLICE DEPARTMENT conduct, policies, and practices including the absence of needed policies and practices; and for the hiring, retention, supervision, and training of employees, agents, and leadership of CITY Police Department.
- 34. Defendant **KWAME REED**, ("REED") at all times mentioned herein, was employed by Defendant CITY OF ANTIOCH as the City Manager starting on or about June 26, 2023. He is being sued individually and in his official capacity as the Manager for the CITY OF ANTIOCH. Plaintiffs allege that as City Manager, REED has final policy-making authority over CITY OF ANTIOCH POLICE DEPARTMENT policies and procedures. At all material times, REED was responsible for supervising, enacting, and enforcing CITY OF ANTIOCH POLICE

35.

8

9

10 11

12

13 14

15

16

17

18

19 20

21

22

23 24

25

26 27

28

DEPARTMENT conduct, policies, and practices including the absence of needed policies and practices; and for the hiring, retention, supervision, and training of employees, agents, and leadership of CITY Police Department.

Defendant CITY POLICE CHIEF TAMMANY BROOKS ("BROOKS"), at all times mentioned herein, was employed by Defendant CITY as the Chief of Police for the CITY, from May 2017 through October 2021, and was acting within the course and scope of that employment. He is being sued individually and in his official capacity as the Chief of Police for the CITY. Plaintiffs allege Defendant BROOKS was aware of the openly racist conduct of the police officers he employed, their use of excessive force as set forth herein, the widespread acceptance within the Antioch Police Department of unconstitutional actions by Antioch police officers as set forth in the instant Complaint. On January 13, 2021, at approximately 8:22 pm, Defendant AMIRI sent text messages to Defendant CITY OF ANTIOCH Police officers and sergeants, including Defendants EVANS, GERBER, MILNER, EWART, DUGGAR, RAMIREZ, MARCOTTE, GONZALEZ, LENDERMAN, ADAMS, MANLY WILLIAMS, and multiple DOES. The texts constrained information from a recent news article which accounted that cell phones were seized on large scale from City of Oakland Police Officers as part of an investigation into sexist and racist comments made by Oakland Police Officers. In response to this text from AMIRI, several CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Officers and Sergeants replied, responded with texts which described plans to destroy similar evidence from their own phones if they were to be confiscated. One CITY Police Sergeant stated that Chief TAMMANY BROOKS "knew something we don't when he sent that email about his new work phone number and talking about PRA requests."

36. Plaintiffs allege that Defendant BROOKS was aware of the misconduct by CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Officers against Plaintiffs and CITY OF ANTIOCH residents, knowingly failed to take any remedial measures, and furthermore tolerated, encouraged, and ratified the repeated and

widespread pattern and practice of unconstitutional actions by Defendant CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Officers as set forth herein.

37. Defendant CITY INTERIM POLICE CHIEF TONY MOREFIELD

("MOREFIELD"), at all times mentioned herein, was employed by Defendant CITY as the Interim

Chief of Police for the CITY, from October 2021 through May 2022, and was acting within the

course and scope of that employment. He is being sued individually and in his official capacity as
the Interim Chief of Police for the CITY. Plaintiffs allege Defendant MOREFIELD was aware of
the openly racist conduct of the police officers he employed, their use of excessive force as set forth
herein, the widespread acceptance within the Antioch Police Department of unconstitutional actions
by Antioch police officers as set forth in the instant Complaint, and failed to take any remedial
measures, and tolerated, encouraged and ratified the repeated and widespread pattern and practice of
Unconstitutional actions by Defendant CITY OF ANTIOCH police officers as set forth herein.

- 38. Defendant CITY POLICE CHIEF STEVEN FORD ("FORD"), at all times mentioned herein, was employed by Defendant CITY as the Chief of Police for the CITY, from May 2022 through present, and was acting within the course and scope of that employment. He is being sued individually and in his official capacity as the Chief of Police for the CITY. Plaintiffs allege Defendant FORD was aware of the openly racist conduct of the police officers he employed, their use of excessive force as set forth herein, the widespread acceptance within the Antioch Police Department of unconstitutional actions by CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Officers as set forth in the instant Complaint, and failed to take any remedial measures, and tolerated, encouraged and ratified the repeated and widespread pattern and practice of unconstitutional actions by Defendant CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Officers as set forth herein.
- 39. Defendant **OFFICER MATTHEW NUTT** ("NUTT") at all times mentioned herein, was employed by Defendant CITY as an OFFICER of the CITY and was acting within the

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

course and scope of that employment. He is being sued individually and in his official capacity as an OFFICER of the CITY. NUTT participated in the unlawful conduct against Plaintiff ROBINSON. Moreover, NUTT is implicated in the ongoing investigation by local and federal agencies into the discriminatory text messages sent among Antioch Police Department officers and sergeants. NUTT received numerous hateful text messages from his fellow CITY OF ANTIOCH police officers about Black people, calling them "gorillas," "niggers," "monkeys," and using other targeted slurs to refer to subjects (i.e.: "faggot," "pussies," "cunt," "fat bitch"). NUTT was a recipient of texts in which Defendant Officers bragged about "violating civil rights," "only stopping [people] cuz they black [sic]," and "sometimes just say[ing] people gave me a full confession when they didn't." Despite being a direct witness to this behavior, NUTT never intervened nor reported it to supervisors. As a result, NUTT is implied to be a part of the conspiracy between the officers at the CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Department to act in concert to promote racial discrimination and unconstitutional conduct under the color of their position as sworn peace officers. This conspiracy between the officers directly lead to the damages suffered by the Plaintiffs named herein. 40. Defendant **SERGEANT JOSH EVANS** ("EVANS") at all times mentioned herein, was employed by Defendant CITY as a SERGEANT of the CITY OF ANTIOCH Police

40. Defendant **SERGEANT JOSH EVANS** ("EVANS") at all times mentioned herein, was employed by Defendant CITY as a SERGEANT of the CITY OF ANTIOCH Police

Department and was acting within the course and scope of that employment. He is being sued individually and in his official capacity as a SERGEANT of the CITY OF ANTIOCH Police

Department. EVANS sent text messages about an unknown subject, detailing plans to "smash in and bite him, 40mm him, and call him a cunt." EVANS referred to Black people as "niggers" numerous times, and in discussing an unknown subject, he once stated: "I'm going to bury that nigger in my fields." In his role as a Sergeant leadership for Defendant CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Department, EVANS was aware of the openly racist conduct of the police officers he supervised, their use of excessive force as set forth herein, the widespread acceptance within the Antioch Police

41.

10

12 13

14 15

16

17 18

19

20

21

22

23 24

25

26 27

28

Department of unconstitutional actions by Defendant CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Officers as set forth in the instant Complaint, and failed to take any remedial measures, and tolerated, encouraged and ratified the repeated and widespread pattern and practice of unconstitutional actions by Defendant CITY OF ANTIOCH police officers as set forth herein. EVANS' actions were a part of the Defendant Officers' conspiracy to act in concert to promote racial animus, bias and discriminatory practices by the CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Department. These actions directly led to the damages of the Plaintiffs named herein.

- Defendant **OFFICER ERIC ROMBOUGH** ("ROMBOUGH") at all times mentioned herein, was employed by Defendant CITY as an OFFICER of the CITY and was acting within the course and scope of that employment. He is being sued individually and in his official capacity as an OFFICER of the CITY. ROMBOUGH robbed Plaintiff YOUNG and was involved in the unlawful arrest and force used against Plaintiffs ALLEN, ARPENTER, JACKSON, MACKIN, THOMAS, LACY, and YARBOROUGH. Defendant ROMBOUGH has been employed with the CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Department since 2017, and throughout that tenure has been an active participant in the ongoing discriminatory text messages and conspiracy to violate civil rights among Antioch Police Department officers and sergeants. Moreover, between at least November 2020 to August 2021, Defendant ROMBOUGH deployed the 40mm lethal launcher to shoot at least eleven (11) subjects in and around Antioch. As part of this scheme he secured photographs of the subjects' injuries and collected spent cartridges as trophies. ROMBOUGH sent text messages to other Antioch officers in which he referred to Black people as "niggers," "niggas," "gorillas," and "monkeys." On other occasions, ROMBOUGH boasted about "violating civil rights" and "only stopping [people] cuz they black [sic]."
- 42. ROMBOUGH has been federally indicted for civil rights violations against citizens of Antioch in his capacity as a CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Officer. ROMBOUGH acted in concert

with named and DOE DEFENDANTS, to promote a culture of racial discrimination within the CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Department. This conspiracy between ROMBOUGH and other DEFENDANTS directly lead to the damages suffered by the Plaintiffs named herein. ROMBOUGH participated in the conspiracy between officers at the CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Department to act in concert to promote racial discrimination and unconstitutional conduct under the color of their position as sworn peace officers. This conspiracy between the officers directly lead to the damages suffered by the Plaintiffs named herein.

- 43. Defendant **OFFICER MORTEZA AMIRI** ("AMIRI") at all times mentioned herein, was employed by Defendant CITY as an OFFICER of the CITY and was acting within the course and scope of that employment. He is being sued individually and in his official capacity as an OFFICER of the CITY OF ANTIOCH. In 2018, Defendant AMIRI was partnered with CITY Police Department service K-9 "Purcy" and assigned to the CITY Police Department's Canine Unit. As part of this assignment Defendant AMIRI received hundreds hours of training between 2018-2021, which included topics such as when it is appropriate to deploy a police canine and other relevant legal standards. Between appr
- 44. oximately March, 2019, to November, 2021, Defendant AMIRI deployed canine Purcy to bite at least twenty-eight (28) subjects in and around Antioch. After each bite, AMIRI also messaged multiple recipients from his personal cell phone. Included in these conversations were Defendant Officers ROMBOUGH and WENGER about the bites, and often AMIRI gave each bite victim a consecutive number memorializing the number of dog bites he had accumulated up until that point. Further, AMIRI sent with these messages photographs and/or videos of each subject's injuries, contrary to CITY Police Department policy. These messages also included plans between ROMBOUGH, WENGER, and other Defendant CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Officers and Sergeants to deploy a canine without cause against individuals in and around Antioch, California.

5

10 11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19 20

21 22

23

24

25

26

27

28

As part of the Contra Costa District Attorney's investigation into race-based misconduct at ADP, Officer Amiri self-reported that close to sixty-eight percent of his total reported and confirmed dog bites were suffered by African Americans.

45. AMIRI is a key participant in the ongoing investigation into the discriminatory text messages sent among CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Department officers and sergeants, during which AMIRI sent texts to other Antioch officers in which he referred to Black people as "gorillas" and "pussies." He also admitted to serious offenses of falsification, claiming: "I sometimes just say people gave me a full confession when they didn't. gets filed easier [sic]." On multiple occasions, text messages show that AMIRI encouraged other CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Officers to participate in excessive force against civilians in Antioch, California, and to cover it up through false reports:

> **AMIRI:** Let's fuck some people up next work week

WENGER: Bro Fuck the mother fucking yes

WENGER: Bite some nerds and crush some dweebs bro!

AMIRI: hell yeah bro. Ill find some shit. Ill write it. Just come over and crush some skulls alongside Purcy. Ill handle the rest lol.

AMIRI has been federally indicted for civil rights violations against citizens of Antioch in his capacity as a CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Officer. AMIRI acted in concert with DEFENDANTS, and others presently unknown, to promote a culture of racial discrimination and unconstitutional acts by the CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Department. This conspiracy between AMIRI and other DEFENDANTS directly lead to the damages suffered by the Plaintiffs named herein.

46. Defendant OFFICER SCOTT DUGGAR ("DUGGAR") at all times mentioned herein, was employed by Defendant CITY of ANTIOCH as an OFFICER of the CITY and was acting within the course and scope of that employment. He is being sued individually and in his official capacity as an OFFICER of the CITY OF ANTIOCH. DUGGAR is a key participant in the ongoing investigation into the discriminatory text messages sent among CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Department officers and sergeants. DUGGAR sent text messages to other Antioch officers in

which he referred to Black people as "niggas." DUGGARS' actions are indicative of the conspiracy between the officers at the CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Department to act in concert to promote racial discrimination and unconstitutional conduct under the color of their position as sworn peace officers. The conspiracy between the officers directly lead to the damages suffered by the Plaintiffs named herein.

47. Defendant **OFFICER JONATHAN RAMIREZ** ("RAMIREZ") at all times mentioned herein, was employed by Defendant CITY as an OFFICER of the CITY and was acting within the course and scope of that employment. He is being sued individually and in his official capacity as an OFFICER of the CITY. RAMIREZ is implicated in the District Attorney's investigation into the discriminatory text messages sent among Antioch Police Department officers and sergeants. RAMIREZ sent texts to other Antioch officers in which he expressed a desire to "40 that mfr (Thorpe) during the protest today [sic]." This is a reference to the potential use of a .40mm less lethal launcher being utilized on current CITY OF ANTIOCH Mayor, Lamar Thorpe.

RAMIREZ also sent numerous text messages in which he called Black people "niggas" and "niggers." RAMIREZ's actions are indicative of the conspiracy between the officers at the CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Department to act in concert to promote racial discrimination and unconstitutional conduct under the color of their position as sworn peace officers. This conspiracy between the officers directly lead to the damages suffered by the Plaintiffs named herein.

48. Defendant **OFFICER TIMOTHY MANLY WILLIAMS** ("MANLY WILLIAMS") at all times mentioned herein, was employed by Defendant CITY as an OFFICER of the CITY and was acting within the course and scope of that employment. He is being sued individually and in his official capacity as an OFFICER of the CITY. MANLY WILLIAMS is implicated in the District Attorney's investigation into the discriminatory text messages sent among Antioch Police Department officers and sergeants. MANLY WILLIAMS received numerous hateful

text messages from his fellow CITY OF ANTIOCH police officers about Black people, calling them "gorillas," "niggers," "monkeys," and using other targeted slurs to refer to subjects (i.e.: "faggot," "pussies," "cunt," "fat bitch"). Furthermore, MANLY WILLIAMS was a recipient of texts in which Defendant Officers bragged about "violating civil rights," "only stopping [people] cuz they black [sic]," and "sometimes just say[ing] people gave me a full confession when they didn't." Despite being a direct participant in and witness to this behavior, MANLY WILLIAMS never intervened nor reported it to supervisors. MANLY-WILLIAMS conduct is indicative of the conspiracy between the officers at the CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Department to act in concert to promote racial discrimination and unconstitutional conduct under the color of their position as sworn peace officers. The conspiracy between the officers directly lead to the damages suffered by the Plaintiffs named herein.

49. Defendant **OFFICER TOM LENDERMAN** ("LENDERMAN") at all times mentioned herein, was employed by Defendant CITY as an OFFICER of the CITY and was acting within the course and scope of that employment. He is being sued individually and in his official capacity as an OFFICER of the CITY. LENDERMAN is implicated in the District Attorney's investigation into the discriminatory text messages sent among Antioch Police Department officers and sergeants. LENDERMAN received numerous hateful text messages from his fellow CITY OF ANTIOCH police officers about Black people, calling them "gorillas," "niggers," "monkeys," and using other targeted slurs to refer to subjects (i.e.: "faggot," "pussies," "cunt," "fat bitch").

Furthermore, LENDERMAN was a recipient of texts in which Defendant Officers bragged about "violating civil rights," "only stopping [people] cuz they black [sic]," and "sometimes just say[ing] people gave me a full confession when they didn't." Despite being a direct witness to this behavior, LENDERMAN never intervened nor reported it to supervisors. Defendant's actions are indicative of the conspiracy between the officers at the Antioch Police Department. Antioch Police

10

12

13 14

15 16

17

18

19

20

2122

23

24

2526

27

28

Department officers acted in concert to promote racial discrimination by officers within the ANTIOCH police department. The conspiracy between the officers directly lead to the damages suffered by the Plaintiffs named herein.

- 50. Defendant OFFICER LOREN BLEDSOE ("BLEDSOE") at all times mentioned herein, was employed by Defendant CITY as a SERGEANT of the CITY and was acting within the course and scope of that employment. He is being sued individually and in his official capacity as a SERGEANT of the CITY. BLEDSOE is implicated in the District Attorney's investigation into the discriminatory text messages sent among Antioch Police Department officers and sergeants. BLEDSOE received numerous hateful text messages from his fellow CITY OF ANTIOCH police officers about Black people, calling them "gorillas," "niggers," "monkeys," and using other targeted slurs to refer to subjects (i.e.: "faggot," "pussies," "cunt," "fat bitch"). Furthermore, BLEDSOE was a recipient of texts in which Defendant Officers bragged about "violating civil rights," "only stopping [people] cuz they black [sic]," and "sometimes just say[ing] people gave me a full confession when they didn't." BLEDSOE was a member of these group text chats, and by refusing to intervene and halt the heinous behavior of fellow officers, BLEDSOE failed to perform his supervisory duties. Defendant's actions are indicative of the conspiracy between the officers at the Antioch Police Department. Antioch Police Department officers acted in concert to promote racial discrimination by officers within the ANTIOCH police department. This conspiracy between the officers directly lead to the damages suffered by the Plaintiffs named herein.
- 51. Defendant **OFFICER THOMAS SMITH** ("THOMAS SMITH") at all times mentioned herein, was employed by Defendant CITY as an OFFICER of the CITY and was acting within the course and scope of that employment. He is being sued individually and in his official capacity as an OFFICER of the CITY. THOMAS SMITH is a key participant in the District Attorney's investigation into the discriminatory text messages sent among Antioch Police

26

27

28

Department officers and sergeants. THOMAS SMITH sent text messages to other Antioch officers in which he referred to Black people as "niggas" and to women as "bitches." Defendant's actions are indicative of the conspiracy between the officers at the Antioch Police Department. Antioch Police Department officers acted in concert to promote racial discrimination by officers within the ANTIOCH police department. The conspiracy between the officers directly lead to the damages suffered by the Plaintiffs named herein.

52. Defendant **OFFICER CALVIN PRIETO** ("PRIETO") at all times mentioned herein, was employed by Defendant CITY as an OFFICER of the CITY and was acting within the course and scope of that employment. He is being sued individually and in his official capacity as an OFFICER of the CITY. PRIETO is a key participant in the discriminatory text messages sent among CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Department officers and sergeants. PRIETO sent text messages to other Antioch officers in whom he referred to Black people as "niggas" and to women as "bitches." He also agreed to act in concert with other DEFENDANTS to violate civil rights, including but not limited to an agreement to take DNA samples off unconscious subjects and to write a large amount of traffic citations by targeting a race-specific group in a specific area in and around Antioch, California:

RODRIGUEZ: I don't know if I can do the DRE cuz he's knocked out now. PRIETO: No we'll just say he refused to comply and take the blood [...] PRIETO: I wanna push tho. Like hit those 30 cities. **RODRIGUEZ:** Okay we just hafta go to the areas where we can. **PRIETO:** Make these niggers eat shit. Yes of course. **RODRIGUEZ:** Yes that will be easy. And it will be a good time. Lol start off quick with the numbers. **PRIETO:** yes of course. Get it in and fuck things up. [...] **PRIETO:** Well get busy and start towing niggers shit. Come with a stack of [Cal. Highway Patrol Vehicle Impound Forms]

Defendant PRIETO's actions are emblematic of the conspiracy between the officers at the Antioch

Police Department. Antioch Police Department officers acted in concert to promote racial

discrimination by officers within the ANTIOCH police department. This conspiracy between the officers directly lead to the damages suffered by the Plaintiffs named herein.

- 53. Defendant **OFFICER ANDREA RODRIGUEZ** ("RODRIGUEZ") at all times mentioned herein, was employed by Defendant CITY as an OFFICER of the CITY and was acting within the course and scope of that employment. She is being sued individually and in her official capacity as an OFFICER of the CITY. RODRIGUEZ is a key subject of the District Attorney's investigation into the discriminatory text messages sent amongst Antioch Police Department officers and sergeants. He also agreed to act in concert with other DEFENDANTS to violate civil rights, including but not limited to an agreement to take DNA samples off unconscious subjects and to write a large amount of traffic citations by targeting a race-specific group in a specific area in and around Antioch, California. RODRIGUEZ sent text messages agreeing to target Black people for traffic citations, stating that it "will be easy" and "a good time." RODRIGUEZ's actions are emblematic of the conspiracy between the officers at the Antioch Police Department. Antioch Police Department officers acted in concert to promote racial discrimination by officers within the ANTIOCH police department. This conspiracy between the officers directly lead to the damages suffered by the Plaintiffs named herein.
- 54. Defendant **OFFICER JONATHAN ADAMS** ("ADAMS") at all times mentioned herein, was employed by Defendant CITY as an OFFICER of the CITY and was acting within the course and scope of that employment. He is being sued individually and in his official capacity as an OFFICER of the CITY. ADAMS is a key participant in the discriminatory text messages sent among Antioch Police Department officers and sergeants. ADAMS sent text messages to other Antioch officers in which he referred to individual subjects as "faggots" and "niggers," and joked about all Black people looking the same. He also boasted about using cruel and excessive force, including but not limited to a message in which he bragged to a CITY OF ANTIOCH Police

7 8

10

9

1112

13

14 15

16

17

18

19

20

2122

23

24

25

26

27

28

Sergeant and other Defendant Officers that he "got that faggot to agree to eat his own dick." ADAMS's actions are emblematic and part of the conspiracy between the officers at the Antioch Police Department. Antioch Police Department officers acted in concert to promote racial discrimination by officers within the ANTIOCH police department. This conspiracy between the officers directly lead to the damages suffered by the Plaintiffs named herein.

55. Defendant OFFICER DEVEN WENGER ("WENGER") at all times mentioned herein, was employed by Defendant CITY as an OFFICER of the CITY and was acting within the course and scope of that employment. He is being sued individually and in his official capacity as an OFFICER of the CITY. Since, July, 2018, WENGER has been employed as a police officer with the Defendant CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Department. On August 25, 2023, WENGER was suspended by CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Department in relation to his misconduct that was exposed in the ongoing Antioch and Federal investigations into the rampant discriminatory misconduct within the CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Department. On August 16, 2023, a Grand Jury handed down an indictment onto Defendants WENGER, AMIRI, and ROMBOUGH, for Conspiracy Against Rights under 18 U.S.C. § 241 and Deprivation of Rights Under Color of Law under 18 U.S.C. § 242. WENGER engaged in this conspiracy beginning at a time unknown, no later than February 2019, and continued through at least 2022. Each of the Plaintiffs' suffered injuries resulting from contact with Defendant Officers, all of which occurred during the time WENGER was employed by CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Department as an officer and while he was engaged in a conspiracy to violate civil rights. Not just a passive recipient to the messages relaying those plans, for over four years WENGER knowingly sought out and used unconstitutionally excessive force against subjects in and around Antioch, California:

WENGER: Please find this guy and fuck him in the ass

ROMBOUGH: Deal

[...]

AMIRI: ill [K9] bite em

- 29 -

1	WENGER:	Pics of [suspect] please my dude!!! That bitch [suspect] has talked so	
2	AMIRI:	much shit to me! Thank you for biting that piece of shit! [IMG_1072; IMG_1067; IMG_1070; IMG_1066; IMG_1069]	
3	WENGER:	You're my hero.	
4	[] AMIRI:	if [] didn't have all those body cams and that was us we would have fucked him up more. He didn't get what he deserved	
5	WENGER:	I agree, That's why I don't like body cams	
6	[] WEGNER:	Home boy got lumped up!!!!	
7	AMIRI:	Hahahah The [a corporal] special and the morty special [] I walked out the tent and game planned how to fuck him up.	
8	AMINI.	Went back and did justice. Wish you were there. Inside a tent with no	
9	WECNED.	cams you would have loved it. [] agreed to keep cameras off.	
	WEGNER: []	Brofuuuuuuuck yes!!! Fuck that nerd!!	
10	WENGER:	We need to get into something tonight bro!! Lets go 3 nights in a	
11	WENGER:	row dog bite!!! Lets get faggot ass [Lieutenant] something to stress about lol	
12	Despite being a direct participant in and witness to this behavior, WENGER never		
13	intervened nor reported it to supervisors. Defendant's actions are part of the conspiracy between the		
14 15	officers at the CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Department in which officers and superiors acted in		
16	concert to promote racial discrimination by officers within the CITY OF ANTIOCH Police		
17	Department. This conspiracy between the officers directly lead to the damages suffered by the		
18	Plaintiffs named herein.		
19	56. Defendant OFFICER DANIEL HARRIS ("HARRIS") at all times mentioned		
20	herein, was employed by Defendant CITY as an OFFICER of the CITY and was acting within the		
21	course and scope of that employment. He is being sued individually and in his official capacity as		
22	an OFFICER of the CITY. HARRIS is implicated in the District Attorney's investigation into the		
23			
24	discriminatory text messages sent among Antioch Police Department officers and sergeants.		
25	HARRIS received numerous hateful	l text messages from his fellow CITY OF ANTIOCH police	
26	officers about Black people, calling them "gorillas," "niggers," "monkeys," and using other targeted		
27	slurs to refer to subjects (i.e.: "faggot," "pussies," "cunt," "fat bitch"). Furthermore, HARRIS was a		
28			
l	İ	30	

recipient of texts in which Defendant Officers bragged about "violating civil rights," "only stopping [people] cuz they black [sic]," and "sometimes just say[ing] people gave me a full confession when they didn't." Despite being a direct witness to this behavior, HARRIS never intervened nor reported it to supervisors. Defendant's actions are indicative of the conspiracy between the officers at the Antioch Police Department. Antioch Police Department officers acted in concert to promote racial discrimination by officers within the ANTIOCH police department. This conspiracy between the officers directly lead to the damages suffered by the Plaintiffs named herein.

befendant **OFFICER ROBERT GERBER** ("GERBER") at all times mentioned herein, was employed by Defendant CITY as an OFFICER of the CITY and was acting within the course and scope of that employment. He is being sued individually and in his official capacity as an OFFICER of the CITY. GERBER is implicated in the District Attorney's investigation into the discriminatory text messages sent among Antioch Police Department officers and sergeants.

GERBER sent text messages containing photos of gorillas and referring to Black people as "fag[s]" to other Antioch officers. GERBER also received numerous hateful text messages from his fellow CITY OF ANTIOCH police officers about Black people, calling them "gorillas," "niggers," "monkeys," and using other targeted slurs to refer to subjects (i.e.: "faggot," "pussies," "cunt," "fat bitch"). Furthermore, GERBER was a recipient of texts in which Defendant Officers bragged about "violating civil rights," "only stopping [people] cuz they black [sic]," and "sometimes just say[ing] people gave me a full confession when they didn't." GERBER was also aware of the misconduct but failed to intervene or report it to his commanding officers throughout his employment with Defendant CITY, as demonstrated by this January, 2022 text messages:

ADAMS: I'm in a meeting with [CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Department Leadership] and **GERBER** and HOFFMAN discussing black people.

58. Defendant's actions are indicative of the conspiracy between the officers at the Antioch Police Department. Antioch Police Department officers acted in concert to promote racial discrimination by officers within the ANTIOCH police department. This conspiracy between the officers directly lead to the damages suffered by the Plaintiffs named herein.

- 59. Defendant **OFFICER KYLE HILL** ("HILL") at all times mentioned herein, was employed by Defendant CITY as an OFFICER of the CITY and was acting within the course and scope of that employment. He is being sued individually and in his official capacity as an OFFICER of the CITY. HILL was involved in the arrest of Plaintiff TERRY THOMAS. Defendant's actions are indicative of the conspiracy between the officers at the Antioch Police Department. Antioch Police Department officers acted in concert to promote racial discrimination by officers within the ANTIOCH police department. This conspiracy between the officers directly lead to the damages suffered by the Plaintiffs named herein.
- 60. Defendant **OFFICER BROCK MARCOTTE** ("MARCOTTE") at all times mentioned herein, was employed by Defendant CITY as an OFFICER of the CITY and was acting within the course and scope of that employment. He is being sued individually and in his official capacity as an OFFICER of the CITY. MARCOTTE was involved in the misconduct during the arrest of at least Plaintiffs ALLEN, GARCIA and SUITTER. Defendant's actions are indicative of the conspiracy between the officers at the Antioch Police Department. Antioch Police Department officers acted in concert to promote racial discrimination by officers within the ANTIOCH police department. This conspiracy between the officers directly lead to the damages suffered by the Plaintiffs named herein.
- 61. Defendant **OFFICER ARRON HUGHES** ("HUGHES") at all times mentioned herein, was employed by Defendant CITY as an OFFICER of the CITY and was acting within the course and scope of that employment. He is being sued individually and in his official capacity as

an OFFICER of the CITY. HUGHES was involved in the arrest of Plaintiff HILLARD. Defendant's actions are indicative of the conspiracy between the officers at the Antioch Police Department.

Antioch Police Department officers acted in concert to promote racial discrimination by officers within the ANTIOCH police department. This conspiracy between the officers directly lead to the damages suffered by the Plaintiffs named herein.

- 62. Defendant **OFFICER RYAN GEIS** ("GEIS") at all times mentioned herein, was employed by Defendant CITY as an OFFICER of the CITY and was acting within the course and scope of that employment. He is being sued individually and in his official capacity as an OFFICER of the CITY. GEIS was involved in the arrest of Plaintiff YARBOROUGH. Defendant's actions are indicative of the conspiracy between the officers at the Antioch Police Department. Antioch Police Department officers acted in concert to promote racial discrimination by officers within the ANTIOCH police department. This conspiracy between the officers directly lead to the damages suffered by the Plaintiffs named herein.
- employed by Defendant CITY as an OFFICER of the CITY and was acting within the course and scope of that employment. He is being sued individually and in his official capacity as an OFFICER of the CITY. MOORE was involved in the arrest of Plaintiff MCCULLOUGH. Defendant's actions are indicative of the conspiracy between the officers at the Antioch Police Department. Antioch Police Department officers acted in concert to promote racial discrimination by officers within the ANTIOCH police department. This conspiracy between the officers directly lead to the damages suffered by the Plaintiffs named herein.
- 64. Defendant **SERGEANT JIMMY WISECARVER** ("WISECARVER") at all times mentioned herein, was employed by Defendant CITY as a SERGEANT of the CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Department and was acting within the course and scope of that employment. He is being

11

12

16 17

15

18

19

20

21 22

23

24 25

26 27

28

Department. On May 5, 2020, at approximately 6:42 p.m., Sergeants EVANS and WISECARVER engaged in text messages describing a plan to have a "spotter" to call Defendant AMIRI the location of subjects in and around Antioch, California, so that AMIRI could deploy the canine unit and/or the 40mm less lethal launcher. On May 6, 2020, at approximately 8:59 p.m., WISECARVER along other Defendant CITY Antioch Police Department Sergeants, engaged in a text thread acknowledging that Defendants EVANS and SMITH are "racist ass cops" that "hate women." On June 8, 2020, WISECARVER was one of several Defendant CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Officers and Sergeants who were propositioned by Defendant RAMIREZ to "40 that nigger Thorpe," the Mayor of Antioch. On October 22, 2020, at approximately 8:32 p.m., after Defendant ADAMS sent a photograph to multiple Defendants, WISECARVER responded: "We're all going to prison." As a supervising officer of the CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Department, WISECARVER was at all material times under a mandatory obligation to report this type of misconduct to the superior commanding officers within the Department. WISECARVER's actions and inaction implicate his part in the Defendant Officers' conspiracy to act in concert to promote racial animus, bias and discriminatory practices by the CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Department. This directly led to the damages of the Plaintiffs named herein.

65. Defendant **SERGEANT RICK HOFFMAN** ("HOFFMAN") at all times mentioned herein, was employed by Defendant CITY as a SERGEANT of the CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Department and was acting within the course and scope of that employment. He is being sued individually and in his official capacity as a SERGEANT of the CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Department. On May 6, 2020, at approximately 8:59 p.m., HOFFMAN along other Defendant CITY Antioch Police Department Sergeants, engaged in a text thread acknowledging that Defendants EVANS and SMITH are "racist ass cops" that "hate women." On June 8, 2020,

HOFFMAN was one of several Defendant CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Officers and Sergeants who were propositioned by Defendant RAMIREZ to "40 that nigger Thorpe," the Mayor of Antioch. On January 13, 2021, at approximately 8:22 p.m., Defendant HOFFMAN texted with Defendants WISECARVER, EVANS, GERBER, DUGGAR, RAMIREZ, MARCOTTE, GONZALEZ, LENDERMAN, ADAMS, and MANLY WILLIAMS, about destroying their phones in the event that they would be confiscated to investigate misconduct within the CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Department. Hoffman stated: "If anyone tries to grab my personal phone I'm gonna smash it Theresa Conde style." On January 5, 2022, Defendants ADAMS and ROMBOUGH texted about being in a meeting with HOFFMAN and other CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Department Commanding Officers, discussing "black people" and "swat opps on the gorrillas." As a supervising officer of the CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Department, HOFFMAN was at all material times under a mandatory obligation to report this type of misconduct to the superior commanding officers within the Department. WISECARVER's actions and inaction implicate his part in the Defendant Officers' conspiracy to act in concert to promote racial animus, bias and discriminatory practices by the CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Department. This directly led to the damages of the Plaintiffs named herein.

66. Plaintiffs are ignorant of the true names and capacities of Defendants **DOES** 1 through 100 inclusive, and therefore sue these Defendants by such fictitious names, in their individual capacities. Plaintiffs are informed and believe and thereon allege that each defendant so named is responsible in some manner for the injuries and damages sustained by Plaintiffs as set forth herein. Plaintiffs will amend this Complaint to state the names and capacities of DOES 1-100, inclusive, once their identities have been ascertained.

FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

27

26

28

67. Plaintiffs are informed and believe and thereon allege that DEFENDANTS NUTT,
EVANS, ROMBOUGH, AMIRI, DUGGAR, RAMIREZ, MANLY WILLIAMS, LENDERMAN,
BLEDSOE, THOMAS SMITH, PRIETO, RODRIGUEZ, ADAMS, WENGER, HARRIS,
GERBER, HILL, MARCOTET, HUGHES, GEIS, MOORE, WISECARVER, HOFFMAN, and
each of them, individually and/or acting in concert with one another, as well as other CITY OF
ANTIOCH Police Officers, Sergeants, and Leadership (DOES 1-100), engaged in a repeated pattern
and practice of civil rights violations and other misconduct against citizens living, traveling, or
visiting the Antioch neighborhoods where they were assigned. Each Plaintiff is likely to suffer a
recurrence of the alleged violations of civil rights, or similar violation of civil rights, committed by
police officers employed by Defendant CITY OF ANTIOCH.

- 68. Plaintiffs are further informed and believe and thereon allege that said civil rights violations and/or misconduct included, but was not limited to, assaults, beatings, false arrests, unreasonable searches and seizures, intimidation, false imprisonment, falsifying reports, denial of equal protection, racial discrimination, conspiracy to violate civil rights and/or other misconduct.
- 69. Plaintiffs are further informed and believe and thereon allege that said misconduct included, but was not limited to subjecting people living, visiting, and/or traveling in Antioch neighborhoods to disparate treatment because of their race and/or gender. As a result, Plaintiffs and persons similarly situated to them were subjected to unequal treatment, civil rights violations, and other misconduct by DEFENDANTS NUTT, EVANS, ROMBOUGH, AMIRI, DUGGAR, RAMIREZ, MANLY WILLIAMS, LENDERMAN, BLEDSOE, THOMAS SMITH, PRIETO, RODRIGUEZ, ADAMS, WENGER, HARRIS, GERBER, HILL, MARCOTTE, HUGHES, GEIS, MOORE, WISECARVER, HOFFMAN, and/or CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Officers (DOES 1-100). The above named DEFENDANTS as well as other DOES deployed excessive force beyond

Q

any punishment appropriately imposed by the criminal justice system, and/or made repeated references to or suggestion of violating civil rights.

- 70. Plaintiffs are further informed and believe and thereon allege that despite the repeated and frequent nature of the misconduct and civil rights violations committed by Defendants NUTT, EVANS, ROMBOUGH, AMIRI, DUGGAR, RAMIREZ, MANLY WILLIAMS, LENDERMAN, BLEDSOE, THOMAS SMITH, PRIETO, RODRIGUEZ, ADAMS, WENGER, HARRIS, GERBER, HILL, MARCOTTE, HUGHES, GEIS, MOORE, WISECARVER, HOFFMAN, and DOES 1-100, high ranking CITY OF ANTIOCH officials and/or police department supervisors, including but not limited to, BROOKS, MOREFIELD, FORD, EVANS, BLEDSOE, WISECARVER, HOFFMAN, DOES 1-100, and each of them, individually and/or acting in concert with one another, failed to report or take any or appropriate remedial action prior to the subject incidents involving the Plaintiffs. As a result, DEFENDANTS engaged in repeated and serious acts of misconduct and civil rights violations against citizens living, visiting, and/or traveling in Antioch.
- 71. Plaintiffs are informed and believe and thereon allege that as a matter of official policy—rooted in an entrenched posture of deliberate indifference to the constitutional rights of black and brown people who live, visit, and/or travel within Antioch in particular—Defendant CITY OF ANTIOCH, including under the watch of ultimate policy-makers, City Manager Defendants BERNAL, JOHNSON, EBB, and REED, has long allowed Plaintiffs and persons similarly situated to them, to be abused by its police officers, including by DEFENDANTS NUTT, EVANS, ROMBOUGH, AMIRI, DUGGAR, RAMIREZ, MANLY WILLIAMS, LENDERMAN, BLEDSOE, THOMAS SMITH, PRIETO, RODRIGUEZ, ADAMS, WENGER, HARRIS, GERBER, HILL, MARCOTTE, HUGHES, GEIS, WISECARVER, HOFFMAN, and/or other CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Officers (DOES-100).

1	72. Plaintiffs are informed and believe and thereon allege that Plaintiffs, and each of				
2	them, suffered the violation of their constitutional rights as a result of customs, policies, patterns				
3	and/or practices of Defendant CITY OF ANTIOCH, Defendants BROOKS, MOREFIELD, FORD,				
4	DOES 1-100, and each of them, including, but not limited to, deliberate indifference in the hiring,				
5					
6	supervision, training, and discipline of members of the Antioch Police Department, including				
7	Defendant NUTT, EVANS, ROMBOUGH, AMIRI, DUGGAR, RAMIREZ, MANLY WILLIAMS,				
8	LENDERMAN, BLEDSOE, THOMAS SMITH, PRIETO, RODRIGUEZ, ADAMS, WENGER,				
9	HARRIS, GERBER, HILL, MARCOTTE, HUGHES, GEIS, MOORE, WISECARVER,				
10	HOFFMAN, and/or DOES 1-100, and/or each of them.				
11	TRENT ALLEN				
12	73. In March, 2021, multiple Defendant CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Department				
13	Officers, including ROMBOUGH, arrested Plaintiff TRENT ALLEN on an attempted murder				
14					
15	charge. During the arrest, ROMBOUGH brutally beat Mr. ALLEN, kicking his head multiple times.				
16	On April 11, 2023, ALLEN discovered that DEFENDANT CITY Police Officers had been texting				
17	about ALLEN concurrent with his interactions with CITY Officers. The texts, included but are not				
18	limited to the following:				
19	ROMBOUGH: Bro I can't wait to 40 all of them.				
20	GERBER: Hell yeah ROMBOUGH: Looks like terryon is using TRENT's IG				
21	[] Sooo many black people [sic].				
22	ADAMS: Bro. They all look the same. ROMBOUGH: Tell me about it. I feel like I'm at the zoo.				
23	ROMBOUGH: Theyre getting ice cream. Swarming to it like Hennessy.				
24	I bet it's chicken ADAMS: Could be ribs				
25	ROMBOUGH: f or sure watermelon and Kool aid I hate these idiots				
26	ADAMS: the cops or the niggers?				
27	ROMBOUGH: All of them. It looks like TRENTs there too. ADAMS: [Photo depicts Plaintiff, TRENT ALLEN]				
28					
۷۵ ا					

1	74.	On March 31, 2021 DEFENDANTS ROMBOUGH, MARCOTTE, and CITY OF			
2	ANTIOCH DOE Officers exchanged the following text messages about taking down a suspect with				
3	a 40mm, RON	a 40mm, ROMBOUGH's "Trophy flag":			
4		OFFICER-14:	That 40 flag is coming along!! Murica!!		
5		ROMBOUGH:	[Liked above message] You take 40?		
6		MARCOTTE: ROMBOUGH:	Yep heading back now tho		
7		MARCOTTE:	I'm out front		
8		ROMBOUGH: MARCOTTE:	I can believe he says he has no pain to his back lol The nurse saw me smiling when he was making noises		
9		ROMBOUGH:	in pain and she started laughing 🍪 LMAO what a bitch		
10					
11	75.	Throughout the day, I	Defendant ROMBOUGH boastfully recounted administering		
12	violence on M	Ir. ALLEN, including h	nis civilian loved ones:		
13		ROMBOUGH:	Yeah 40 deployment		
14		[UNKNOWN]:	Faggot got his ass whooped. Nice babe, another one for the mantle		
15	76.	Also competing with	the multiple text threads were different groups and some		
16	individual Det	individual Defendant Officers of CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Department, including Defendants			
17	MANLY-WII	LLIAMS, DUGGAR, a	nd ADAMS. Defendants exchanged the following text		
18	messages furt	her celebrating the use	of force in arresting TRENT ALLEN:		
19					
20	ROMBOUGH:	Lol I 40d him r MARCOTTE:	ight next to his throat Oh fuck cuz he ducked so fast		
21		ROMBOUGH: MANLY WILLIAMS:	Eh he deserved it made us fucking run		
		ROMBOUGH:	Just his manliness		
22		MANLY WILLIAMS: ROMBOUGH:	Think I can forty u as u go by?		
23		ADAMS: ROMBOUGH:	Just saw your text. Asshole! Lol I was gonna try.		
24			Bro my foot hurts lol		
25		ADAMS: ROMBOUGH:	Did you kick the guy? Yup like a fucking field goal		
			Gotta stop kicking niggas in their head		
26		ADAMS: ROMBOUGH:	Oh shit!! And 40'd. Fuck yeah. And about 6 muzzle thumps		
27		ADAMS:	He's gonna be sore. Fuck yeah. I didn't realize that.		
28		ROMBOUGH:	Bro he's gonna be hurting fuck that guy.		
		T	- 39 -		

1		ADAMS:	I like your last comment lol Haha. I forgot that KOCH wanted us to stop sending dumb shit.
2		ROMBOUGH:	OOPS. Laughed at [above message]
3		ROMBOUGH:	Bro my foot hurts.
4		GERBER:	TRENT [ALLEN]S head is like a bowling ball. Haha!
5			
6	77.	From approximate	ely 3:21 pm to 7:21 pm, Defendant ROMBOUGH separately texted
7	Defendant E	VANS to continue to	gloat about injuring TRENT ALLEN:
8		ROMBOUGH:	Gotta stop kicking niggers in their head. [photograph of TRENT ALLEN in hospital]
9		EVANS: ROMBOUGH:	You plugged him in the neck? Lol. He ducked lol
10		EVANS:	Sounds like it's his fault.
11		ROMBOUGH:	So was the 6 muzzle thumps and me trying to kick his head over the fence.
		EVANS:	Lol all of my favorite things
12		ROMBOUGH:	Me too Brock salty and I in a backyard with no cameras lol
13		EVANS: ROMBOUGH:	40 pic? I'll send it in a few. I shot him in the ass bro. Fuck that
14			guy.
15		EVANS: ROMBOUGH:	Lol that's funny. Obviously wasn't complying.
16			[photograph of TRENT ALLEN in hospital]
17	78.	At approximately	3:10 pm, still in relation to his brutalizing Plaintiff TRENT
18	ALLEN, Defendant ROMBOUGH separately texted United States Post Officer Garcia:		
19		ROMBOUGH:	I 40d and field goal kicked one that fled from us on foot
20		GARCIA:	today 😂
21		ROMBOUGH: GARCIA:	Bro my foot fucking hurts [gif] Did you find any guns on any of them?
22		ROMBOUGH:	Sorry we were taking down a second murder suspect and
23		GARCIA:	he got 40d too. That 40 flag is coming along!! Murica!
24			
	79.	At approximately	3:21pm, ROMBOUGH sent the following text messages to an
25			
26	unknown contact, which contained photographs of the individuals he had injured that day, including		
27	TRENT ALL	EN:	
28		UNKNOWN:	You got him in the neck?!
		Fire	- 40 - t Amended Consolidated Complaint for Damages
	l	1115	

ROMBOUGH: Yup and another faggot in the butt 1 2 for the day Nice babe. 2 **UNKNOWN: ROMBOUGH:** [photo of subject **TRENT ALLEN** in hospital] 3 **UNKNOWN:** Ouchie! 4 80. Also concurrent to Mr. ALLEN's arrest, Defendant MANLY-WILLIAMS was 5 working on a wiretap operation related to the CITY OF ANTIOCH's criminal investigation into 6 TRENT ALLEN, with assistance from federal agencies, including the Federal Bureau of 7 Investigation. MANLY-WILLIAMS has since been federally indicted for criminal activity relating 8 to this wiretap. 81. As a result of the culture of racism, homophobia, and unconstitutional violence 10 illustrated by the above text messages, DEFENDANTS maliciously and unfairly targeted, 11 12 brutalized, and prosecuted TRENT ALLEN. Defendant Officers' behavior both contributed to and 13 stemmed from the discriminatory and violent culture of the CITY OF ANTIOCH Police 14 Department. TRENT ALLEN withstood humiliation and associated emotional distress related to the 15 rampant unconstitutional conduct revealed in 2023 with the CITY OF ANTIOCH text message 16 scandal. Mr. ALLEN suffered severe physical injuries caused by Defendant ROMBAUGH's and 17 other DEFENDANTS' in their use of excessive force against him. 18 19 82. Mr. ALLEN has been incarcerated since his arrest and the use of excessive force by 20 ROMBOUGH, tolling his statute of limitations. 21 SHAGOOFA KHAN 22 83. Beginning in the Summer of 2020, SHAGOOFA KHAN organized police reform 23 protests throughout the CITY OF ANTIOCH. In January, 2021, Defendants, CITY OF ANTIOCH 24 Police Department Officers, EVANS, MANLY WILLIAMS, LENDERMAN, BLEDSOE, and 25 SMITH arrested Ms. KHAN for burning a "Blue Lives Matter" flag at a protest. KHAN was 26 charged with felony arson and battery of an officer. KHAN completed diversion, however she never 27 entered a plea agreement, and the charges were eventually dismissed. The arresting Defendant 28

Officers EVANS, MANLY WILLIAMS, LENDERMAN, BLEDSOE, and SMITH are key participants in the discriminatory text messages sent among Antioch Police Department officers and sergeants.

84. On April 11, 2023, KHAN discovered that she had been mentioned by name in the salacious text threads, including the following:

LENDERMAN: They were in Martinez for the BLM shit.

EVANS: SHAGOOFA looks like an arabian nights cum dumpster

Police Officers in which he referred to women as "bitches." Following SHAGOOFA KAHN's arrest, Defendant Officers CALVIN PRIETO and ANDREA RODRIGUEZ exchanged messages referring to a female Black Lives Matter activist as "that black bitch." Defendant ROMBOUGH also texted Defendant EVANS that he "should have 40d this black bitch today," and in a separate message to an unknown recipient, ROMBOUGH referred to Black women as "water buffalo." Defendant Officer MANLY WILLIAMS sent multiple texts messages in which he joked about the brutalization of Black arrestees. Defendant BLEDSOE was a members of these group chats and received all of the salacious text messages uncovered in this scandal, including the above and the text thread in which RAMIREZ offered a steak dinner prize for a CITY OF ANTIOCH Defendant Officer to "40 that gorilla Thorpe" in reference to then Mayor of the CITY OF ANTIOCH during the BLM protests.

86. As a result, the text messages discovered in April 2023 demonstrate that Antioch Police Department Defendant Officers EVANS, MANLY WILLIAMS, LENDERMAN, BLEDSOE, and THOMAS SMITH maliciously and unfairly prosecuted SHAGOOFA KHAN and that Defendant Officers' behavior contributed to and stemmed from the discriminatory and violent culture of the Antioch Police Department. Moreover, Ms. KHAN withstood humiliation and associated emotional distress corresponding to the text message scandal.

ADAM CARPENTER

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

On November 3, 2020, multiple CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Department officers, 87. including ROMBOUGH, DUGGAR, AMIRI, and MANLY WILLIAMS, arrested CARPENTER for possession of a firearm without probable cause and with malice. The charges against CARPENTER were later dropped. From January 2020 up until the date of his arrest, these and other CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Officers conducted nearly ten traffic stops on Mr. CARPENTER. All of the Defendant Officers are implicated in the offensive text message scandal. Concurrent with CARPENTER's arrest, Defendant Officers sent numerous text messages about Black people, calling them "gorillas," "niggers," "monkeys," and using other targeted slurs to refer to subjects (i.e.: "faggot," "pussies," "cunt," "fat bitch"). Concurrent to CARPENTER's arrest, Defendant ROMBOUGH described his on-duty game plan and conduct as "violating civil rights," and "only stopping [people] cuz they black [sic]." Defendant DUGGAR also sent text messages to other CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Officers in which he referred to Black people as "niggas." Defendant AMIRI admitted to serious offenses of falsification of criminal confessions, claiming: "I sometimes just say people gave me a full confession when they didn't. gets filed easier [sic]." Defendant MANLY WILLIAMS sent text messages in which he joked about the brutalization of an arrestee and asked, "is he dead?"

88. As a result, the text messages discovered in April 2023 imply that Antioch Police Department maliciously and unfairly targeted and prosecuted CARPENTER and that Defendant Officers' behavior stemmed from the discriminatory and violent culture of the Antioch Police Department. Moreover, Mr. CARPENTER withstood humiliation and associated emotional distress corresponding to the text message scandal.

JOSHUA BUTLER

27

26

28

89. In February, 2022, multiple CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Department officers,
including Defendant JOSH EVANS, arrested BUTLER, arrested Plaintiff JOSHUA BUTLER in
Antioch, CA for allegedly discharging a firearm. Officers never found a weapon. On May 26, 2023,
BUTLER's case was dismissed. Since the date of the arrest, CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Officers
have conducted nearly ten traffic stops on Mr. BUTLER, each time verbally accosting him with
racist obscenities. None of these traffic stops have resulted in additional arrests. Concurrent with
BUTLER's arrest, officers, including JOSH EVANS, sent numerous text messages about Black
people, calling them "gorillas," "niggers," "monkeys," and using other targeted slurs to refer to
subjects (i.e.: "faggot," "pussies," "cunt," "fat bitch"). On one occasion, EVANS sent text messages
about an unknown subject, detailing plans to "smash in and bite him, 40mm him, and call him a
cunt." EVANS regularly referred to Black people as "niggers," and in discussing an unknown
subject, he once stated: "I'm going to bury that nigger in my fields."

90. As a result, the text messages discovered in April 2023 imply that Antioch Police Department maliciously and unfairly prosecuted BUTLER and that Defendant Officers' behaviors and actions stemmed from the discriminatory and violent culture of the Antioch Police Department. Moreover, Mr. BUTLER withstood humiliation and associated emotional distress corresponding to the text message scandal.

DEJON RICHARDS

91. In 2020, DEJON RICHARDS was arrested and brutalized by CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Officers, including Defendant Officer DUGGAR. During the arrest, DUGGAR repeatedly called RICHARDS a "bitch," told him that he had no rights, and slammed RICHARDS' head on the car cutting the left side of his face. DUGGAR is a key participant in the discriminatory text messages sent among Antioch Police Department officers and sergeants. DUGGAR sent text messages to other Antioch officers in which he referred to Black people as "niggas." RICHARDS

was incarcerated for one year prior to his case being dismissed. Concurrent to RICHARDS' arrest, multiple CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Officers, including DUGGAR and other named and DOE DEFENDANTS, planned over text messages an operation to arrest wanted individuals in Antioch, in which the Officers described plans to deploy excessive force by way of canine attacks. At least one CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Sergeant was an active participant in encouraging this conduct and joked with other DEFENDANTS about the fact that in 2020, CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Department was in the eighty-fourth percentile (84%) for use of deadly force, which was acknowledged as "crimes committed by the police."

92. As a result, the text messages discovered in April 2023 imply that CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Officer DUGGAR maliciously and unfairly targeted and arrested RICHARDS without probable cause and that Defendant Officers' behaviors and actions contributed to and stemmed from the discriminatory and violent culture of the CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Department. Moreover, Mr. RICHARDS withstood humiliation and associated emotional distress corresponding to the text message scandal.

DRESHAWN JACKSON

93. DRESHAWN JACKSON was arrested in 2018 by CITY OF ANTIOCH Police
Department Officers, including Defendant Officer ROMBOUGH. During the arrest, ROMBOUGH
admitted to JACKSON that he had "a beer or two," then demanded that JACKSON get out of the
car. JACKSON was charged with possession of a firearm and was incarcerated for 15 months. In
April 2022, his case was dismissed by the District Attorney. Arresting officer Defendant
ROMBOUGH is a key participant in the ongoing investigation into the unconstitutional misconduct
and discriminatory text messages sent among Antioch Police Department officers and sergeants.
Concurrent to JACKSONS' arrest, ROMBOUGH and other Defendant Officers deployed uses of
force as punishment to subjects beyond any punishment appropriately imposed by the criminal

justice system, and made repeated references to or suggestion of violating civil rights. (Indictment 4:23-cr-00269 AMO) ROMBOUGH proudly admitted to brutalizing arrestees on multiple occasions. ROMBOUGH referred to arrestees as "faggots" and "niggers" multiple times. On other occasions, ROMBOUGH boasted about "violating civil rights" and "only stopping [people] cuz they black [sic]."

94. As a result, the text messages discovered in April 2023 demonstrate that CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Officers maliciously and unfairly targeted and arrested JACKSON and that Defendant Officers' behaviors and actions contributed to and stemmed from the discriminatory and violent culture of the CITY Police Department. Moreover, Mr. JACKSON withstood humiliation and associated emotional distress corresponding to the text message scandal.

KARDELL SMITH

95. KARDELL SMITH was arrested on state possession charges in 2019 by multiple CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Officers. Defendant Officer AMIRI and other CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Officers prepared a false police report which was used to maliciously prosecute Mr. SMITH. Specifically, Defendant Officer AMIRI claimed he saw, from outside the building where Mr. SMITH was located, a bathroom window be broken and a handgun thrown out of the window into a side yard. Defendant Officers entered the apartment and arrested Mr. SMITH, claiming SMITH had thrown the gun out of the bathroom window. In reality, no weapon was possessed by Mr. SMITH, and no weapon or any object was thrown by anyone through that window in Defendants' presence or within that timeframe. A picture purported to be taken by Defendants of the weapon at the scene shows it was covered by leaves and dirt. The window had been broken for months. KARDELL SMITH served a parole violation and then later got charged on the same false factual basis by the Federal government on Federal charges. On April 13, 2022, a Federal judge dismissed KARDELL SMITH's case, dropped every charge, and withdrew all previous pleadings.

Defendant Officers AMIRI and ROMBOUGH were involved in the arrest of KARDELL SMITH and each were integral participants in maliciously prosecuting him. Concurrent with CARPENTER's arrest, Defendants AMIRI, ROMBOUGH and WENGER, along with DOE Officers of the CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Department, discussed with another intentions to deploy force against, and inflict harm upon, individuals in and around Antioch through excessive Yeah buddy we gonna fuck some people up... I'll roll with u and Percy Didn't know if you were already there LOL No i was planning on enjoying the day off but fuck them for fucking with an officer. Me too and exactly I'm gonna fuck someone up and hopefully get you a bite Exactly! Blood for blood!

Please find this guys and fuck him in the ass

[IMG 0897, a screenshot of identification records]

He's the fuck face that ran. Wants are 108 and 2800

Fuck I just want to punch the shit out of someone lol

Don't have my road dog out here

the guy i bit today was proned out. No fucks given.

As a further part of the scheme, Defendants AMIRI, ROMBOUGH, WENGER, and DOES also concealed and hid, and caused to be concealed and hidden, the acts done and the purpose of the acts done in furtherance of the scheme, including to further perpetuate the scheme.

Concurrent to Mr. SMITH's arrest, Defendant CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Officers sent numerous text messages about Black people, calling them "gorillas," "niggers," "monkeys," and using other targeted slurs to refer to subjects (i.e.: "faggot," "pussies," "cunt," "fat bitch"). ROMBOUGH proudly admitted to brutalizing arrestees on multiple occasions. ROMBOUGH boasted about "violating civil rights" and "only stopping [people] cuz they black [sic]." AMIRI admitted to serious offenses of falsification, claiming: "I sometimes just say people gave me a full

First Amended Consolidated Complaint for Damages

AMIRI prepared a false police report in which he fabricated an alleged confession by KARDELL

station. In reality, Defendant AMIRI acted friendly to Mr. SMITH, offered to smoke a cigarette

any weapon, much less a gun. Defendant AMIRI lied in his police report and claimed that Mr.

SMITH confessed to possession of the gun. This false report was then used to fabricate the gun

CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Officers maliciously and unfairly targeted and arrested KARDELL

SMITH and that Defendant Officers' behaviors and actions contributed to and stemmed from the

SMITH withstood humiliation and associated emotional distress corresponding to the text message

ANTIOCH Police Department Officers, including Defendant Officer ROMBOUGH. During the

spent six months in a wheelchair and underwent multiple surgeries. On June 13, 2021, two days

interaction, MACKIN was beaten so severely that he sustained a metacarpal fracture in his foot. He

before Mr. MACKIN suffered this violent encounter, Defendant Officers ROMBOUGH and AMIRI

exchanged the following plans to hurt suspects they would encounter while next on together, which

discriminatory and violent culture of the CITY Police Department. Moreover, Mr. KARDELL

As a result, the text messages discovered in April 2023 demonstrate that Defendant

Plaintiff DAVID MACKIN was brutalized on Tuesday, June 15, 2021, by CITY OF

with him outside the police station, but Mr. SMITH never possessed and never confessed to having

9

charge against Mr. SMITH.

99.

11 12

10

13

14 15

16

scandal.

DAVID MACKIN

100.

17

18

19

20 21

22

23 24

25

26

27 28

ROMBOUGH: It's your Friday right? Copy until you come in on Tuesday

AMIRI: lol yea

ROMBOUGH: Yeah buddy dog bite and 40 deployment

- 48 -

First Amended Consolidated Complaint for Damages Allen et al. v. City of Antioch, et al. 3:23-cv-01895-VC

ROMBOUGH: You working?

AMIRI: yeah. 40 mins until the weekend.

fell on the day ROMBOUGH participated in the violence inflicted on Mr. MACKIN:

AMIRI: [loved above message]

101. As a result, the text messages discovered in April 2023 show that CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Department Officers, including ROMBOUGH and AMIRI, intentionally, maliciously, and unfairly targeted and brutalized DAVID MACKIN. Theirs and other Defendant CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Officers' behavior contributed to and stemmed from the discriminatory and violent culture of the CITY Police Department. Moreover, Mr. MACKIN withstood humiliation and associated emotional distress corresponding to the text message scandal. Mr. MACKIN suffered severe physical injuries caused by Defendant ROMBAUGH's pre-planned use of excessive force.

TERRY ROBINSON, JR.

passenger in his brother's car, multiple Antioch Police Department officers, including MATTHEW NUTT, arrested ROBINSON on the purported basis of two allegedly outstanding arrest warrants. However, the arrest warrants had previously been resolved by ROBINSON JR. at court. During the arrest, Defendant NUTT brutally beat Mr. ROBINSON while he was handcuffed, NUTT threw ROBINSON to the ground and repeatedly shoved, kicked, punched, and knee'd him in the legs, stomach, and ribs. Despite ROBINSON's pleas that he was having a panic attack and needed medical attention, NUTT continued to attack ROBINSON and failed to call an ambulance.

ROBINSON spent six days in jail and was released with no criminal charges. Concurrent with ROBINSON's arrest, Antioch Police Department officers, including MATTHEW NUTT, sent and/or received numerous text messages about Black people, calling them "gorillas," "niggers," "monkeys," and using other targeted slurs to refer to subjects (i.e.: "faggot," "pussies," "cunt," "fat bitch").

1011

12 13

14 15

16 17

18

19

20

2122

2324

2526

27

28

103. As a result, the text messages discovered in April 2023 imply that Antioch Police Department maliciously and unfairly targeted, arrested, and brutalized ROBINSON and that Defendant Officers' behavior contributed to and stemmed from the discriminatory and violent culture of the Antioch Police Department. Moreover, Mr. ROBINSON withstood humiliation and associated emotional distress corresponding to the text message scandal. Furthermore, Mr. ROBINSON suffered severe physical injuries caused by Defendant NUTT's use of excessive force.

MANDINGO CAIN

104. In October, 2022, CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Department officers seized MANDINGO CAIN's registered firearm after conducting an unlawful stop and search of Mr. CAIN's vehicle, then without cause, arrested Mr. CAIN. Moreover, the CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Officers sexually harassed Mr. CAIN's wife. After briefly entering the Quik Stop store at 1108 Sycamore Dr, Antioch, CA 94509, Mr. CAIN and his wife drove out of the store parking lot when two male Antioch police officer DOES followed them in a police car and turned on their sirens. The officers ordered CAIN through a loudspeaker to pull over in an area where there were no other people around. When CAIN asked why he was being pulled over, one of the officers claimed that it was because his headlights and windows were tinted. The officers told CAIN to get out of the car. CAIN initially refused and told the officers that he was not on parole. One of the officers then yanked CAIN out of his car, made his wife exit the car, and searched the car thoroughly. A second officer commented on CAIN's wife's breasts, stating, "What's going on in your breast area?" This officer instructed the first officer to search CAIN's wife, but the search did not yield anything. While searching CAIN's car, the officers found marijuana and a registered firearm. The officers put back the marijuana after CAIN asked them to place it back, but they accused CAIN of illegally transporting a firearm. The officer DOES arrested CAIN and transported him to the Martinez Detention Facility. CAIN posted bail and went to court three times, but the charges against him

12 13

14

15

16 17

18

19 20

21

22

23

24 25

26

27

28

were ultimately dropped. CAIN is still waiting to get his firearm back from the Antioch Police Department. Concurrent with CAIN's arrest, multiple CITY OF ANTIOCH officers sent numerous text messages about Black people, calling them "gorillas," "niggers," "monkeys," and using other targeted slurs to refer to subjects (i.e.: "faggot," "pussies," "cunt," "fat bitch"). At least one of the officers involved in CAIN's arrest is a key participant in the District Attorney's investigation into the discriminatory text messages sent among Antioch Police Department officers and sergeants.

105. As a result, the text messages discovered in April 2023 imply that Antioch Police Department maliciously and unfairly targeted and prosecuted CAIN, and that Defendant CITY OF ANTIOCH officers' behavior stemmed from the discriminatory and violent culture of the CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Department. Moreover, Mr. CAIN withstood humiliation and associated emotional distress corresponding to the text message scandal. Furthermore, Mr. CAIN lost his lawfully possessed firearm and suffered physical and emotional distress from CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Officers sexual harassment of his wife and from being yanked out of his car, arrested, and jailed.

AMADEO GARCIA, JR.

106. On December 19, 2022, CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Department officers used excessive force during an unlawful search of AMADEO GARCIA, JR.'s vehicle, resulting in the arrest of GARCIA. CITY OF ANTIOCH police Officers (DOES) staked out a motel room rented by GARCIA in Antioch, CA. The DOE officers pulled GARCIA over while he was driving his vehicle, purportedly due to the absence of license plates. The automobile was newly purchased with dealer tags in the window. The Officers confirmed that the vehicle was in legal standing. Multiple officer DOES arrived on the scene, including a K-9 unit. The K-9 unit alerted officers to the vehicle. The K-9 unit displayed unprofessional behavior, including jumping onto the hood of the vehicle. Officer DOES then removed GARCIA from the vehicle by reaching into the car and unlocking the car door.

After removing GARCIA from the vehicle, they proceeded to deploy their taser on GARCIA for an extended length of time. GARCIA was charged with multiple counts of possession. These charges were later dismissed by the court under California Penal Code § 1385. Concurrent with GARCIA's arrest, multiple CITY OF ANTIOCH officers sent numerous racist text messages describing subjects of arrest, and at various points discussed plans to "violate civil rights" and conduct racially-targeted vehicular stops.

107. As a result, the text messages discovered in April 2023 imply that Antioch Police Department maliciously and unfairly targeted, brutalized, and prosecuted GARCIA, and that Defendant officers' behavior stemmed from the discriminatory and violent culture of the Antioch Police Department. Moreover, Mr. GARCIA withstood humiliation and associated emotional distress corresponding to the text message scandal. Furthermore, due to the Antioch police officers' use of excessive force, GARCIA suffered physical injury as well as incarceration.

ARON TYSON

over ARON TYSON at the intersection of Sycamore Drive and Peppertree Way in Antioch, CA for having tinted car windows, threw TYSON to the ground, searched his vehicle, and arrested him. After TYSON provided the officers with his license and registration, the officers told him to get out of the car, claiming that they could smell marijuana. Neither TYSON nor his girlfriend had been smoking marijuana. The officer DOES asked TYSON if they could search the car, but when TYSON said no, the officer DOES pushed him to the ground, painfully twisted his arms upwards behind his back, and handcuffed him. TYSON had a metal plate in his arm, so he asked the officers to not be rough with him. However, the officers continued to force TYSON to the ground and hurt his arms. Officer DOES then searched the car and found a firearm and some marijuana. Officer DOES also searched TYSON's girlfriend and found drugs, which they falsely stated belonged to

1	TYSON. Officer DOES arrested TYSON and took him to the station for booking. TYSON posted			
2	bail and was later charged with possession of controlled substances. However, the charges were			
3	dropped in August 2022.			
4	109. Concurrent with TYSON's arrest, Defendant CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Officers			
5	sent numerous text messages about Black people, calling them "gorillas," "niggers," "monkeys,"			
6	and using other targeted slurs to refer to subjects (i.e.: "faggot," "pussies," "cunt," "fat bitch"). This			
7	includes DOE Officers who requested videos of suspects' injuries at the hands of Defendant			
8 9	· · · ·			
	Officers, and promising to withhold that information:			
10	DOE-6: Looks so painful lol AMIRI: [Video file of a suspect's injuries]			
	Don't share the video…lol DOE-6: I don't share anything lol not even the pics bro! It's			
12 13	Good that even though the laws don't keep them in jail they Still get fucked up []			
14	Sun get rueneu up []			
15	110. In the days following Mr. TYSON's arrest, Defendant RAMIREZ texted a group			
16	thread of CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Officers and Sergeants, including Defendants AMIRI,			
17	ROMBOUGH, HARRIS, GERBER, COX, ADAMS, SMITH, EVANS, HUGHES, GONZALEZ,			
18	NUTT, MARCOTTE, DUGGAR, MANLY WILLIAMS, and BLEDSOE:			
19	RAMIREZ:			
20				
21	THIS N			
22				
23				
24				
25				
26	RAMIREZ: Bended knee nigger. AMIRI: Thirsty nigger,			
27	Donkey nigger Ass nigger,			
28	Transient nigger,			

- 53 -First Amended Consolidated Complaint for Damages

1	Panhandling nigger, RAMIREZ: Ungreatful nigger,		
2	Jackass nigger Jaywalking nigger		
3	11-25 nigger		
4	ACO nigger Bitch nigger		
5	RAMIREZ: Bitch nigger Slow nigger		
	dead nigger		
6	body bag nigger n10-55 nigger		
7	187 nigger wild west nigger		
8	huckleberry nigger		
9	111. As a result, the text messages discovered in April 2023 indicate that CITY OF		
10	ANTIOCH Police Department maliciously and unfairly targeted, brutalized, and prosecuted ARON		
11	TYSON, and that Defendant Officers' behavior contributed to and stemmed from the discriminatory		
12	and violent culture of the Antioch Police Department. Moreover, Mr. TYSON withstood		
13	humiliation and associated emotional distress corresponding to the text message scandal.		
14			
15	Furthermore, due to the Antioch police officers' use of excessive force, TYSON suffered physical		
16	injuries in his arms and emotional distress. The items that the officers took while searching him and		
17	his vehicle have not yet been returned to him.		
18	DAUNTE GELLINGTON		
19	112. On April 30, 2023 at around 5 pm, Antioch Police Department officer DOES falsely		
20			
21	accused DAUNTE GELLINGTON of threatening his brother, slammed him to the ground, and		
22	attacked him while he was handcuffed. GELLINGTON went to the Antioch Police Department in		
23	Antioch, CA with his mother and siblings to file a report for an unrelated matter. After the family		
24	submitted the report and went outside, an Antioch police officer claimed that GELLINGTON		
25	threatened his brother, even though nobody in the family heard him do so. Four officer DOES threw		
26	GELLINGTON to the ground, handcuffed him, picked him up, slammed him against the ground		
27	again, dragged him through concrete, and kicked him while holding him face down. At least one		
28	5 , 55 : 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		

17 || <u>I</u>

officer DOE pushed their knees into GELLINGTON's back. When GELLINGTON's mother begged the officers to stop, they threatened to tase or handcuff her if she did not back off. The officer DOES then detained GELLINGTON for an hour before releasing him. GELLINGTON went to the Sutter Health hospital for medical attention afterwards. Concurrent with the officers' beating of GELLINGTON, multiple CITY OF ANTIOCH officers sent numerous text messages about Black people, calling them "gorillas," "niggers," "monkeys," and using other targeted slurs to refer to subjects (i.e.: "faggot," "pussies," "cunt," "fat bitch").

113. As a result, the text messages discovered in April 2023 imply that Antioch Police Department maliciously and unfairly targeted and brutalized GELLINGTON, and that Defendant officers' behavior stemmed from the discriminatory and violent culture of the Antioch Police Department. Moreover, Mr. GELLINGTON withstood humiliation and associated emotional distress corresponding to the text message scandal. Furthermore, due to the Antioch police officers' use of excessive force, GELLINGTON suffered severe physical injuries, including a broken toe, bruised ribs, and scars on his knees and shoulders, as well as emotional distress.

ROBERT YOUNG

114. On July 3, 2022 at approximately 3 pm, Defendant Officer ERIC ROMBOUGH illegally pulled over, harassed, and robbed ROBERT YOUNG. ROMBOUGH pulled over YOUNG near 1080 Sycamore Drive, Antioch, CA 94509. ROMBOUGH refused to tell YOUNG why he pulled him over. ROMBOUGH then took \$900 from YOUNG, locked YOUNG in his patrol car, and stole YOUNG's marijuana. ROMBOUGH then let YOUNG out of the patrol car and drove off without filing a report. Concurrent with YOUNG's encounter with ROMBOUGH, multiple CITY OF ANTIOCH officers sent numerous text messages about Black people, calling them "gorillas," "niggers," "monkeys," and using other targeted slurs to refer to subjects (i.e.: "faggot," "pussies,"

4 5

6

8

9

10

11

1213

14

15 16

17

18

19

20

2122

23

24

2526

27

28

"cunt," "fat bitch"). Additionally, ROMBOUGH boasted about "violating civil rights" and "only stopping [people] cuz they black [sic]."

115. As a result, the text messages discovered in April 2023 imply that Antioch Police Department maliciously and unfairly targeted YOUNG, and that Defendant Officer ROMBOUGH's behavior stemmed from the discriminatory and violent culture of the Antioch Police Department. Moreover, Mr. YOUNG withstood humiliation and associated emotional distress corresponding to the text message scandal. Furthermore, due to ROMBOUGH's conduct in robbing YOUNG, YOUNG lost \$900 and suffered emotional distress.

TERRY THOMAS

116. On July 12, 2022 at 2903 Campbell Lane, Tracy, CA 95377, Antioch Police Department officers, including Defendant Officers ERIC ROMBOUGH, ROBERT GERBER, and KYLE HILL, unlawfully raided the home of Plaintiff TERRY THOMAS's mother without a search warrant, slammed TERRY THOMAS to the ground, and arrested him. Several Antioch police officers and a SWAT team raided the home of Tiffany Turner, TERRY THOMAS's mother. The officers did not present Ms. Turner with a warrant when she asked for one. The officers then slammed TERRY THOMAS to the ground, claiming that he was trying to escape through a window in the back of the home. The officers then arrested, handcuffed, and transported TERRY THOMAS to the juvenile detention hall. While TERRY THOMAS was being transported, the officers continued to search Ms. Turner's home. The officers searched the home for five hours and seized TERRY THOMAS's ID and cell phone. TERRY THOMAS was charged with murder and incarcerated, but his charges were ultimately dropped in August 2023. Concurrent with TERRY THOMAS's arrest, multiple CITY OF ANTIOCH officers sent numerous text messages about Black people, calling them "gorillas," "niggers," "monkeys," and using other targeted slurs to refer to subjects (i.e.: "faggot," "pussies," "cunt," "fat bitch"). In these texts, ROMBOUGH boasted

about "violating civil rights" and "only stopping [people] cuz they black [sic]." GERBER also sent texts containing photos of gorillas and referring to Black people as "fag[s]."

117. As a result, the text messages discovered in April 2023 imply that Antioch Police Department maliciously and unfairly targeted, brutalized, and prosecuted TERRY THOMAS, and that Defendant Officers' behavior stemmed from the discriminatory and violent culture of the Antioch Police Department. Moreover, TERRY THOMAS withstood humiliation and associated emotional distress corresponding to the text message scandal. Furthermore, due to the officers' use of excessive force in slamming TERRY THOMAS to the ground, TERRY THOMAS suffered physical pain and injuries as well as emotional distress.

SHAQUILLE HILLARD

118. In September 2022, Antioch PD officers including Officers ARRON HUGHES, and MORTEZA AMIRI, stopped HILLARD on Pepper Tree and Sycamore in Antioch, and searched his car. They found nothing, however, they illegally confiscated HILLARD'S phone. Concurrent with this incident, CITY OF ANTIOCH officers sent numerous text messages about Black people, calling them "gorillas," "niggers," "monkeys," and using other targeted slurs to refer to subjects (i.e.: "faggot," "pussies," "cunt," "fat bitch"). Concurrent to the ongoing harassment of Mr. HILLARD, Defendant Officers actively engaged in constitutional violations against suspects and to inflict extrajudicial punishment through excessive force.

OFFICER-9: [...] "Officer [DOE-9] how long did you know Officer

AMIRI and in the course of your friendship did you ever know him

to act under color of authority"

AMIRI: lol putting a pistol in someone's mouth and telling them to

stop stealing isn't illegal... it's an act of public service to

prevent further victims of crimes.

[...]

ROMBOUGH: Can u please get photos of him

OFFICER-15: Yup

[photograph] Black tip tattoo 🔇

ROMBOUGH: Lmao

119. These actions by officers show a conspiracy within the CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Department in which Defendant Officers and Sergeants acted in concert to illegally detain, search, assault, and wrongfully arrest people based on racial bias and discrimination.. This conspiracy to act with discrimination within the ANTIOCH Police Department directly lead to officers wrongfully detaining and searching Mr. HILLARD, and seizing his phone.

120. As a result, the text messages discovered in April 2023 imply that Antioch Police Department maliciously and unfairly targeted and prosecuted Mr. HILLARD, and that Defendant Officers' behavior stemmed from the discriminatory and violent culture of the Antioch Police Department. Moreover, Mr. HILLARD withstood ongoing humiliation, physical pain and suffering, and associated emotional distress corresponding to the text message scandal. HILLARD was previously searched by the same group of CITY officers in multiple incidents between January of 2020 and September of 2022, during which Antioch officers beat HILLARD (April, 2020), took cash from HILLARD, and accused HILLARD of being part of a gang. Additionally, Antioch PD turned HILLARD over to Oakland gang task force officers, who then interrogated HILLARD about a shooting in 2021.

121. All charges were dropped against HILLARD in June 2023.

DANYEL EARL LACY

122. In April, 2022, at around 2:00 P.M. at 1600 Buchanan Road Antioch, CA, Antioch police officers wrongfully arrested DANYEL EARL LACY for a gun charge. Antioch Officers, including officers ERIC ROMBOUGH, TIM MANLY, and ARRON HUGHES, began to search a car that did not belong to LACY. The officers claimed they discovered a gun inside of the car. The officers then falsely accused Mr. LACY of illegal possession of a firearm. LACY stated that the gun was not his. The officers arrested Mr. LACY. These actions by officers show a conspiracy within the ANTIOCH police department by ANTIOCH officers to act in concert to illegally detain, search,

assault, and wrongfully arrest people based on racial bias and discrimination. This conspiracy to act with discrimination within the ANTIOCH Police Department directly lead to Defendant Officers and DOES wrongfully detaining, searching, and arresting Mr. LACY.

123. As a result, LACY was arrested. Mr. LACY was charged with illegal possession of a firearm. He spent three months in jail. Mr. LACY, who was unaware of any gun being in the vehicle, never possessed the gun, and made clear to defendants that neither the car, nor the gun, were his. Though Defendants were able to confirm that the vehicle was not owned by Mr. LACY, they arrested him anyway. Concurrent to Mr. LACY's arrest, Defendant CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Department Leadership, was aware of the ongoing racial animus and constitutional violations within the CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Department:

ADAMS: I'm in a meeting with [ANTIOCH POLICE

DEPARTMENT LEADERSHIP] and GERBER and

HOFFMAN discussing black people.

ROMBOUGH: I heard 101 bottom line it doesn't matter some gorilla killed another gorilla.

124. Plaintiffs allege Defendants arrested Mr. LACY either having fabricated that a gun was found in the vehicle (without probable cause and with malice), or refusing to investigate Mr. LACY's contentions of innocence with respect to being unaware of the alleged presence of the gun in the vehicle. All the charges were dismissed in August 2023.

KAYCEE SUITTER

125. On December 19, 2022, several CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Department officers who were motivated by racial bias (including but were not limited to Defendant Officers MARCOTTE, SMITH and RODRIGUEZ encountered SUITTER in a parking garage. There, the officers handcuffed and detained SUITTER, subjected her to a search of her person and the vehicle, and arrested her. Concurrent with SUITTER's arrest, multiple CITY OF ANTIOCH officers sent numerous text messages about Black people, calling them "gorillas," "niggers," "monkeys," and using other targeted slurs to refer to subjects (i.e.: "faggot," "pussies," "cunt," "fat bitch"). These

Department maliciously and unfairly targeted and prosecuted Ms. SUITTER, and that Defendant Officers' behavior stemmed from the discriminatory and violent culture of the Antioch Police Department. Moreover, Ms. SUITTER withstood humiliation, physical injury, financial and property loss, and associated emotional distress corresponding to the text message scandal. Ms. SUITTER spent eight days in jail and missed her first day at a new job, resulting in the loss of employment and opportunity. All charges against SUITTER were dismissed on December 27, 2022.

MARCELL LEWIS

ANTIOCH Police Officers including AMIRI, DOE One, and DOE Two wrongfully arrested Mr. LEWIS he exited a store near the location of Sycamore Drive and L Street Antioch, CA 94509.. Officer AMIRI approached Mr. LEWIS and stated that he had been accused of selling drugs. When Mr. LEWIS denied the accusation, Defendant AMIRI restrained Mr. LEWIS. As AMIRI handcuffed Mr. LEWIS, Officer DOE-One took LEWIS'S bag and wallet and Officer DOE-Two began to search Mr. LEWIS's car. Officer DOE-Two found one ounce of weed, which was lawfully possessed by Mr. LEWIS. Officer AMIRI arrested Mr. LEWIS and AMIRI transported LEWIS to jail. In the days prior to Mr. LEWIS's encounter with DEFENDANTS, Defendant MARCOTTE texted with Defendants ROMBOUGH, MANLY WILLIAMS, DUGGAR, and DOES, in which Defendant ROMBOUGH described their on-duty conduct as "violating civil rights." Defendant

CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Sergeant EVANS and Officer ROMBOUGH lamented that bruising "never looks as good, [on Black people] just like jobs and responsibilities" in reference to Black victims of Defendants' violence. Moreover, CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Department Leadership was fully aware of this race-based misconduct by Defendant Officers, and actively participated:

AMIRI: ["Nigger"] is commonly used around the pd tbh
OFFICER: Yea but given the times I wouldn't say that out loud.

AMIRI: Every group messages with supervisors and IA sgt's matter of fact it was just said today in our group thread with multiple supervisors in it.

128. Resulting from his arrest, Mr. LEWIS was charged with intent to sell. The charge was dropped on June 15, 2023. LEWIS suffered lost wages on the days that he had to dispute the charge in court. Mr. LEWIS sustains emotional distress from the encounter with Defendants.

GREGORIO YARBOROUGH

129. On August 15, 2023, at approximately 3:00 a.m., at 5004 Union Mine Drive, Antioch, CA 94531, Defendant CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Officer RYAN GEIS shot Gregorio YARBOROUGH multiple times using rubber bullets. Mr. YARBOROUGH was standing near his girlfriend's house when Defendant GEIS ordered YARBOROUGH to raise his hands and lie on his stomach. Mr. YARBOROUGH complied with GEIS's instructions. YARBOROUGH did not have any weapons. Mr. YARBOROUGH asked why Officer GEIS had stopped him, but GEIS did not respond. Instead, Defendant GEIS shot YARBOROUGH twice in the back using 40mm less lethal rounds. GEIS then arrested Mr. YARBOROUGH.

130. As a result, Mr. YARBOROUGH suffered from gunshot wounds and bruised ribs. Officer GEIS arrested YARBOROUGH for criminal threats, obstruction of a police officer, and violation of a peaceful contact order. The charges were dropped on September 29, 2023. While in custody, Mr. YARBOROUGH was unable to financially provide for his family. YARBOROUGH spent additional money on costs associated with his detention by CITY. Mr. YARBOROUGH

impaired earning capacity as a result of the forceful arrest.

sustained emotional distress, physical pain and suffering, physical injuries, medical expenses, and

131. In approximately June, 2022, at 5:00 p.m., at 806 W. 7th Street, Antioch, CA 94509, Defendant CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Officers (DOES) assaulted and harassed Plaintiff, QUINCY MASON. Mr. MASON was driving and had stopped at a stop sign when Defendant Officers DOES approached Mr. MASON's vehicle from behind. Mr. MASON drove a few more blocks and DOE-Officers turned on their sirens. MASON pulled over and got out of the car with his hands up. While his hands were raised, Defendant Officers DOES tased Mr. MASON. Mr. Mason fell to the ground, and Defendant DOES allowed a CITY Police K9 to attack Mr. MASON. While on the ground, Mr. MASON begged the officers to remove the K9, but Officer DOES failed to stop the attack. The Defendant Officers (DOES) placed MASON in handcuffs and he was taken to the CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Department and was subsequently released.

132. During a previous incident with CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Department which took place on or about December 7, 2020, Defendant Officer ROMBOUGH sent Defendant Sgt. EVANS text messages which stated, "Yeah buddy, I was bummed that beast was so fat cuz he didn't bruise up very fast." EVANS replied, "It never looks as good on black guys." ROMBOUGH responded: "Just like jobs and responsibilities." In or around November, 2021, Defendant Officer ROMBOUGH sent another text admitting "I'm only stopping them cuz they black." He then followed by saying "Fuck them kill each other." These actions by Defendant Officers show a conspiracy within the CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Department by Defendant Officers to act in concert to illegally detain, search, assault, and wrongfully arrest people based on racial bias and discrimination. This conspiracy to act with discrimination within the ANTIOCH police department

directly lead to officers wrongfully detaining, searching, and arresting Mr. MASON, and subjected him to unreasonable force.

133. As a result, Mr. MASON suffered from racial profiling and harassment. MASON also suffered unreasonable force from the dog bite wounds when he was arrested forcibly and without probable cause.

TAHJAY MCCULLOUGH

- 134. On approximately November 10, 2020, at approximately 11:00 a.m., Defendants CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Officers PRIETO, RODRIGUEZ and DOES assaulted TAHJAY MCCULLOUGH at the Shell Gas Station located at 2838 Lone Tree Drive, Antioch, CA, 94509. The arrest was motivated by racial animus. At the time, MCCULLOUGH was only a 16-year old minor.
- vehicle parked at a Shell gas pump. Defendants PRIETO, RODRIGUEZ, and other DOE Officers pulled MCCULLOUGH out of the back seat and handcuffed him. Then, they slammed MCCULLOUGH face-first to the ground and immediately kicked and punched MCCULLOUGH. During the beating, officers PRIETO and RODRIGUEZ used racially derogatory terms at Mr. MCCULLOUGH. The racial epithets included but are not limited to "nigger" and "black Gorilla".
- 136. As a result of the actions of PRIETO, RODRIGUEZ and DOE Officers, Mr. MCCULLOUGH suffered from multiple wounds and bruises to his face and was subjected to severe excessive force accompanied by vile, racist language. MCCULLOUGH remains in custody at Martinez Juvenile Detention Facility for multiple criminal charges stemming from this arrest.
- 137. On March 27, 2023, the Contra Costa County District Attorney's Office produced a report regarding racist text messages exchanged between Defendant CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Department Officers and Leadership. In one entry, on June 10, 2020, Defendants PRIETO and

RODRIGUEZ "blame[d] the blacks" for all the crime in the area. In another entry, on September 9,

2020, PRIETO and RODRIGUEZ used text messages their plans to target specific groups, implying

Black and Latinx people for traffic citations. The last page of the report provides data regarding

PRIETO and RODRIGUEZ's arrest statistics between September 2020 and October 2020. These

statistics demonstrate that the Defendants CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Officers and Sergeants,

disproportionately targeted Black and Latinx people. This discrimination directly led to the

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

JAMARI ALLEN

wrongful and injurious arrest of MCCULLOUGH.

JAMAKI ALL

138. On approximately August 22 or 23, 2020, Plaintiff JAMARI ALLEN was driving in Antioch, CA when he encountered a vehicle checkpoint staffed by multiple DOE Officers of the CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Department. JAMARI ALLEN admitted to one DOE Officer he did not have a drivers license, so the officer directed JAMARI ALLEN to pull away from the checkpoint and into an isolated parking lot nearby. JAMARI ALLEN became fearful by the isolated location and exited the vehicle. A search ensued involving multiple CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Officers, including Defendant AMIRI with his CITY OF ANTIOCH Canine Unit. When JAMARI ALLEN noticed the K9 unit, he announced loudly to the Officers that he was currently hiding in the bushes, and told them: "You don't need to release the dog, I give up. I'm coming out with my hands up. My hands are up!" However, before JAMARI ALLEN could even stand up, a CITY Officer DOE yelled, falsely: "He's got a gun!" JAMARI ALLEN did not have any weapon in his possession, and had clearly raised both hands without holding anything with them. Even so, another CITY Police Officer DOE stated that they would shoot JAMARI ALLEN. While JAMARI ALLEN was already in the custody of CITY Police Officers, Defendant AMIRI repeatedly sicced his K9 onto JAMARI ALLEN. The K9 was not deployed to drag JAMARI ALLEN or get him under control by the CITY Police Officers, in fact, Defendant AMIRI never took the dog off the leash.

28

SMITH, MARCOTTE, MANLY-WILLIAMS, DUGGAR, EVANS, and DOES 1 - 100)

28

142.	The foregoing	allegations	are realleged a	and incorporated	d herein

- 143. In doing the acts complained of herein, Defendants ROMBOUGH, MANLY WILLIAMS, and/or DOES 1-100, individually and/or while acting in concert with one another, did act under color of state law to deprive Plaintiffs as alleged heretofore of certain constitutionally protected rights, including, but not limited to:
- a. The right to be free from unreasonable police use of force in violation of the Fourth Amendment;
- b. The right to be free from unreasonable searches and seizures in violation of the Fourth Amendment.
- Said rights are substantive guarantees under the Fourth and/or Fourteenth Amendments to the United States constitution.
 - 144. WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs pray for relief as hereinafter set forth.

TRENT ALLEN'S SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

(42 U.S.C. § 1981 – Bias)

(Plaintiff TRENT ALLEN Against Defendants ROMBOUGH, AMIRI, GERBER, ADAMS, SMITH, MARCOTTE, MANLY-WILLIAMS, DUGGAR, EVANS, and DOES 1 - 100)

- 145. The foregoing allegations are realleged and incorporated herein.
- In doing the acts complained of herein, Defendants engaged in discriminatory conduct towards minority communities by subjecting them to civil rights violation and more frequent and aggressive policing than similarly situated individuals. These civil rights violations and/or misconduct included, but was not limited to, assaults, beatings, false arrests, unreasonable searches and seizures, intimidation, kidnapping, falsifying reports, denial of equal protection, racial discrimination, conspiracy to violate civil rights and/or other misconduct based on race and/or gender. As a result, Plaintiffs and persons similarly situated to them, were subjected to unequal treatment, civil rights violations, and other misconduct by Defendants.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs pray for relief as hereinafter set forth.

1 2	(F		TRENT ALLEN'S THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION (42 U.S.C. § 1981 - Malicious Prosecution) RENT ALLEN against Defendants ROMBOUGH, AMIRI, GERBER, ADAMS, MARCOTTE, MANLY-WILLIAMS, DUGGAR, EVANS, and DOES 1 - 100)		
3		147.	The foregoing allegations are realleged and incorporated herein.		
5		148.	Defendants maliciously prosecuted Plaintiff as stated herein. Defendants arrested		
6		Plaintiff w	ithout probable cause. The defendants brought claims against Plaintiff with subjective		
7		malice. De	fendants used bias, including racial bias, gender bias, sexuality bias, bias against		
8		body-types	, and/or religious bias in determining their decisions to prosecute Plaintiff, and/or		
9		fabricated	evidence used to falsely justify the arrest that was otherwise without probable cause.		
10		149.	Plaintiff resolved the actions against him. Plaintiff ultimately resolved the actions in		
11 12		his favors.	Plaintiff suffered damages due to the malicious prosecution brought on by the		
13		Defendants	s in this matter.		
14		WHER	EFORE, Plaintiffs pray for relief as hereinafter set forth.		
15			CAUSES OF ACTION FOR PLAINTIFF SHAGOOFA KHAN		
16			SHAGOOFA KHAN'S FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION		
17 18	(42 U.S.C. § 1983 –Unreasonable Seizure) (Plaintiff SHAGOOFA KHAN against Defendants EVANS, MANLY WILLIAMS, LENDERMAN, BLEDSOE, SMITH, and DOES 1 - 100)				
19		150.	The foregoing allegations are realleged and incorporated herein.		
20		151.	In doing the acts complained of herein, Defendants EVANS, MANLY WILLIAMS,		
21		LENDERN	MAN, BLEDSOE, SMITH, and/or DOES 1-100, individually and/or while acting in		
22		concert wit	th one another, did act under color of state law to deprive Plaintiffs as alleged		
23 24		heretofore	of certain constitutionally protected rights, including, but not limited to:		
25	a.	The rig	ht to be free from unreasonable police use of force in violation of the Fourth		
26 27	b.	Amend	ment; ht to be free from unreasonable searches and seizures in violation of the Fourth		
28					

1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
8	
9	
10	
11	
12	
13	
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	
26	
27	
28	

Said rights are substantive guarantees under the Fourth and/or Fourteenth Amendments to the United States constitution.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs pray for relief as hereinafter set forth.

SHAGOOFA KHAN'S SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

(42 U.S.C. § 1981 – Bias)

(Plaintiff <u>SHAGOOFA KHAN</u> Against Defendants EVANS, MANLY WILLIAMS, LENDERMAN, BLEDSOE, SMITH, and DOES 1 - 100)

- 152. The foregoing allegations are realleged and incorporated herein.
- 153. In doing the acts complained of herein, Defendants engaged in discriminatory conduct towards minority communities by subjecting them to civil rights violation and more frequent and aggressive policing than similarly situated individuals. These civil rights violations and/or misconduct included, but was not limited to, assaults, beatings, false arrests, unreasonable searches and seizures, intimidation, kidnapping, falsifying reports, denial of equal protection, racial discrimination, conspiracy to violate civil rights and/or other misconduct based on race and/or gender. As a result, Plaintiffs and persons similarly situated to them, were subjected to unequal treatment, civil rights violations, and other misconduct by Defendants.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs pray for relief as hereinafter set forth.

SHAGOOFA KHAN'S THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION (42 U.S.C. § 1981 - Malicious Prosecution)

(Plaintiff SHAGOOFA KHAN against Defendants EVANS, MANLY WILLIAMS, LENDERMAN, BLEDSOE, SMITH, and DOES 1 - 100)

- 154. The foregoing allegations are realleged and incorporated herein.
- 155. Defendants maliciously prosecuted the Plaintiffs as stated herein. Defendants arrested each of the named plaintiffs without probable cause to arrest them.
- 156. The defendants brought claims against Plaintiffs with subjective malice. Defendants used bias, including racial bias, gender bias, sexuality bias, bias against body-types, and/or

1	religious bias in determining their decisions to prosecute the named Plaintiffs, and/or fabricated
2	evidence used to falsely justify the arrest that was otherwise without probable cause.
3	157. Plaintiff resolved the actions against him. Plaintiff ultimately resolved the actions in
4	his favors. Plaintiff suffered damages due to the malicious prosecution brought on by the
5	Defendants in this matter.
6	WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs pray for relief as hereinafter set forth.
7	
8	CAUSES OF ACTION FOR PLAINTIFF ADAM CARPENTER
9	ADAM CARPENTER'S FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION (42 U.S.C. § 1983 –Unreasonable Seizure)
10	(Plaintiff ADAM CARPENTER against Defendants ROMBOUGH, DUGGAR, AMIRI, MANLY WILLIAMS, RODRIGUEZ, PRIETO, and DOES 1 - 100)
11 12	158. The foregoing allegations are realleged and incorporated herein.
13	159. In doing the acts complained of herein, Defendants ROMBOUGH, DUGGAR,
14	
15	AMIRI, MANLY WILLIAMS, and/or DOES 1-100, individually and/or while acting in concert
16	with one another, did act under color of state law to deprive Plaintiffs as alleged heretofore of
17	certain constitutionally protected rights, including, but not limited to:
18	a. The right to be free from unreasonable police use of force in violation of the Fourth
19	Amendment; b. The right to be free from unreasonable searches and seizures in violation of the Fourth
20	Amendment.
21	Said rights are substantive guarantees under the Fourth and/or Fourteenth Amendments to
22	the United States constitution.
23	WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs pray for relief as hereinafter set forth.
24	ADAM CARPENTER'S SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION (42 U.S.C. § 1981 – Bias)
25	(Plaintiff ADAM CARPENTER Against Defendants ROMBOUGH, DUGGAR, AMIRI,
26	MANLY WILLIAMS, RODRIGUEZ, PRIETO, and DOES 1 - 100)
27	160. The foregoing allegations are realleged and incorporated herein.
28	

161. In doing the acts complained of herein, Defendants engaged in discriminatory conduct towards minority communities by subjecting them to civil rights violation and more frequent and aggressive policing than similarly situated individuals. These civil rights violations and/or misconduct included, but was not limited to, assaults, beatings, false arrests, unreasonable searches and seizures, intimidation, kidnapping, falsifying reports, denial of equal protection, racial discrimination, conspiracy to violate civil rights and/or other misconduct based on race and/or gender. As a result, Plaintiffs and persons similarly situated to them, were subjected to unequal treatment, civil rights violations, and other misconduct by Defendants.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs pray for relief as hereinafter set forth.

ADAM CARPENTER'S THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

(42 U.S.C. § 1981 - Malicious Prosecution)
(Plaintiffs ADAM CARPENTER against Defendants ROMBOUGH, DUGGAR, AMIRI, MANLY WILLIAMS, RODRIGUEZ, PRIETO, and DOES 1 - 100)

- 162. The foregoing allegations are realleged and incorporated herein.
- 163. Defendants maliciously prosecuted the Plaintiffs as stated herein. Defendants arrested each of the named plaintiffs without probable cause to arrest them.
- The defendants brought claims against Plaintiffs with subjective malice. Defendants used bias, including racial bias, gender bias, sexuality bias, bias against body-types, and/or religious bias in determining their decisions to prosecute the named Plaintiffs, and/or fabricated evidence used to falsely justify the arrest that was otherwise without probable cause.
- Plaintiff resolved the actions against him. Plaintiff ultimately resolved the actions in his favors. Plaintiff suffered damages due to the malicious prosecution brought on by the Defendants in this matter.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs pray for relief as hereinafter set forth.

CAUSES OF ACTION FOR PLAINTIFF JOSHUA BUTLER JOSHUA BUTLER'S FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

- 70 -

(42 U.S.C. § 1983 –Unreasonable Seizure) (Plaintiff JOSHUA BUTLER against Defendants EVANS, and DOES 1 - 100)

- 166. The foregoing allegations are realleged and incorporated herein.
- 167. In doing the acts complained of herein, Defendants EVANS, and/or DOES 1-100, individually and/or while acting in concert with one another, did act under color of state law to deprive Plaintiffs as alleged heretofore of certain constitutionally protected rights, including, but not limited to:
- a. The right to be free from unreasonable police use of force in violation of the Fourth Amendment;
- b. The right to be free from unreasonable searches and seizures in violation of the Fourth Amendment.
- Said rights are substantive guarantees under the Fourth and/or Fourteenth Amendments to the United States constitution.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs pray for relief as hereinafter set forth.

JOSHUA BUTLER'S SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION (42 U.S.C. § 1981 – Bias)

(Plaintiff JOSHUA BUTLER Against Defendants EVANS, and DOES 1 - 100)

- 168. The foregoing allegations are realleged and incorporated herein.
- 169. In doing the acts complained of herein, Defendants engaged in discriminatory conduct towards minority communities by subjecting them to civil rights violation and more frequent and aggressive policing than similarly situated individuals. These civil rights violations and/or misconduct included, but was not limited to, assaults, beatings, false arrests, unreasonable searches and seizures, intimidation, kidnapping, falsifying reports, denial of equal protection, racial discrimination, conspiracy to violate civil rights and/or other misconduct based on race and/or gender. As a result, Plaintiffs and persons similarly situated to them, were subjected to unequal treatment, civil rights violations, and other misconduct by Defendants.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs pray for relief as hereinafter set forth.

JOSHUA BUTLER'S THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

- 71 -

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs pray for relief as hereinafter set forth.

DEJON RICHARDS' SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

(42 U.S.C. § 1981 – Bias)

(Plaintiff DEJON RICHARDS Against Defendants DUGGAR, and DOES 1 - 100)

- 176. The foregoing allegations are realleged and incorporated herein.
- 177. In doing the acts complained of herein, Defendants engaged in discriminatory conduct towards minority communities by subjecting them to civil rights violation and more frequent and aggressive policing than similarly situated individuals. These civil rights violations and/or misconduct included, but was not limited to, assaults, beatings, false arrests, unreasonable searches and seizures, intimidation, kidnapping, falsifying reports, denial of equal protection, racial discrimination, conspiracy to violate civil rights and/or other misconduct based on race and/or gender. As a result, Plaintiffs and persons similarly situated to them, were subjected to unequal treatment, civil rights violations, and other misconduct by Defendants.

 WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs pray for relief as hereinafter set forth.

DEJON RICHARDS' THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION (42 U.S.C. § 1981 - Malicious Prosecution)

(Plaintiff DEJON RICHARDS against Defendants DUGGAR, and DOES 1 - 100)

- 178. The foregoing allegations are realleged and incorporated herein.
- 179. Defendants maliciously prosecuted the Plaintiffs as stated herein. Defendants arrested each of the named Plaintiffs without probable cause to arrest them.
- 180. Defendants brought claims against Plaintiffs with subjective malice. Defendants used bias, including racial bias, gender bias, sexuality bias, bias against body-types, and/or religious bias in determining their decisions to prosecute the named Plaintiffs, and/or fabricated evidence used to falsely justify the arrest that was otherwise without probable cause.

- 73 -

28

unreasonable searches and seizures, intimidation, kidnapping, falsifying reports, denial of equal protection, racial discrimination, conspiracy to violate civil rights and/or other misconduct based on race and/or gender. As a result, Plaintiffs and persons similarly situated to them, were subjected to unequal treatment, civil rights violations, and other misconduct by Defendants.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs pray for relief as hereinafter set forth.

DRESHAWN JACKSON'S THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

(42 U.S.C. § 1981 - Malicious Prosecution)

(Plaintiffs DRESHAWN JACKSON against Defendants ROMBOUGH, and DOES 1 - 100)

- 186. The foregoing allegations are realleged and incorporated herein.
- 187. Defendants maliciously prosecuted the Plaintiffs as stated herein. Defendants arrested each of the named plaintiffs without probable cause to arrest them.
- 188. The defendants brought claims against Plaintiffs with subjective malice. Defendants used bias, including racial bias, gender bias, sexuality bias, bias against body-types, and/or religious bias in determining their decisions to prosecute the named Plaintiffs, and/or fabricated evidence used to falsely justify the arrest that was otherwise without probable cause.
- 189. Plaintiff resolved the actions against him. Plaintiff ultimately resolved the actions in his favors. Plaintiff suffered damages due to the malicious prosecution brought on by the Defendants in this matter.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs pray for relief as hereinafter set forth.

CAUSES OF ACTION FOR PLAINTIFF KARDELL SMITH

KARDELL SMITH 'S FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

(42 U.S.C. § 1983 – Unreasonable Seizure)

(Plaintiff KARDELL SMITH against Defendants AMIRI, ROMBOUGH, WENGER, and DOES 1 - 100)

- 190. The foregoing allegations are realleged and incorporated herein.
- 191. In doing the acts complained of herein, Defendants AMIRI, and/or DOES 1-100, individually and/or while acting in concert with one another, did act under color of state law to

1	deprive Plaintiffs as alleged heretofore of certain constitutionally protected rights, including, but					
2	not limited to:					
3	a. The right to be free from unreasonable police use of force in violation of the Fourth Amendment;					
5	b. The right to be free from unreasonable searches and seizures in violation of the Fourth Amendment.					
6	Said rights are substantive guarantees under the Fourth and/or Fourteenth Amendments to the					
7	United States constitution.					
8	WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs pray for relief as hereinafter set forth.					
9 10 11	KARDELL SMITH 'S SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION (42 U.S.C. § 1981 – Bias) (Plaintiff KARDELL SMITH Against Defendants AMIRI, ROMBOUGH, WENGER, and DOES 1 - 100)					
12	192. The foregoing allegations are realleged and incorporated herein.					
13	193. In doing the acts complained of herein, Defendants engaged in discriminatory					
14 15	conduct towards minority communities by subjecting them to civil rights violation and more					
16	frequent and aggressive policing than similarly situated individuals. These civil rights violations					
17	and/or misconduct included, but was not limited to, assaults, beatings, false arrests,					
18	unreasonable searches and seizures, intimidation, kidnapping, falsifying reports, denial of equal					
19	protection, racial discrimination, conspiracy to violate civil rights and/or other misconduct based					
20	on race and/or gender. As a result, Plaintiffs and persons similarly situated to them, were					
21	subjected to unequal treatment, civil rights violations, and other misconduct by Defendants.					
22 23	WHEREFORE, Plaintiff pray for relief as hereinafter set forth.					
24	KARDELL SMITH 'S THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION					
25	(42 U.S.C. § 1981 - Malicious Prosecution) (Plaintiff KARDELL SMITH Against Defendants AMIRI, ROMBOUGH, WENGER, and					
26	DOES 1 - 100)					
27	194. The foregoing allegations are realleged and incorporated herein.					
$_{28}$						

195.	Defendants mali	iciously pro	secuted th	e Plaintiffs	as stated	herein.	Defendants
arrested e	each of the named	plaintiffs w	ithout pro	bable cause	to arrest	them.	

- 196. The defendants brought claims against Plaintiffs with subjective malice. Defendants used bias, including racial bias, gender bias, sexuality bias, bias against body-types, and/or religious bias in determining their decisions to prosecute the named Plaintiffs, and/or fabricated evidence used to falsely justify the arrest that was otherwise without probable cause.
- 197. Plaintiff resolved the actions against him. Plaintiff ultimately resolved the actions in his favors. Plaintiff suffered damages due to the malicious prosecution brought on by the Defendants in this matter.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff pray for relief as hereinafter set forth.

CAUSES OF ACTION FOR PLAINTIFF DAVID MACKIN

DAVID MACKIN'S FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION (42 U.S.C. § 1983 –Unreasonable Seizure)

(Plaintiff DAVID MACKIN Against Defendants ROMBOUGH, and DOES 1 - 100)

- 198. The foregoing allegations are realleged and incorporated herein.
- 199. In doing the acts complained of herein, Defendants ROMBOUGH, and/or DOES 1-100, individually and/or while acting in concert with one another, did act under color of state law to deprive Plaintiffs as alleged heretofore of certain constitutionally protected rights, including, but not limited to:
- a. The right to be free from unreasonable police use of force in violation of the Fourth Amendment;
- b. The right to be free from unreasonable searches and seizures in violation of the Fourth Amendment.
- Said rights are substantive guarantees under the Fourth and/or Fourteenth Amendments to the United States constitution.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs pray for relief as hereinafter set forth.

DAVID MACKIN'S SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

(42 U.S.C. § 1981 – Bias) (Plaintiff DAVID MACKIN Against Defendants ROMBOUGH, and DOES 1 - 100)

200. The foregoing allegations are realleged and incorporated herein.

201. In doing the acts complained of herein, Defendants engaged in discriminatory conduct towards minority communities by subjecting them to civil rights violation and more frequent and aggressive policing than similarly situated individuals. These civil rights violations and/or misconduct included, but was not limited to, assaults, beatings, false arrests, unreasonable searches and seizures, intimidation, kidnapping, falsifying reports, denial of equal protection, racial discrimination, conspiracy to violate civil rights and/or other misconduct based on race and/or gender. As a result, Plaintiffs and persons similarly situated to them, were subjected to unequal treatment, civil rights violations, and other misconduct by Defendants.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs pray for relief as hereinafter set forth.

DAVID MACKIN'S THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION (42 U.S.C. § 1981 - Malicious Prosecution) (Plaintiffs DAVID MACKIN against Defendants ROMBOUGH, and DOES 1 - 100)

202. The foregoing allegations are realleged and incorporated herein.

203. Defendants maliciously prosecuted the Plaintiffs as stated herein. Defendants arrested each of the named plaintiffs without probable cause to arrest them.

- 204. The defendants brought claims against Plaintiffs with subjective malice. Defendants used bias, including racial bias, gender bias, sexuality bias, bias against body-types, and/or religious bias in determining their decisions to prosecute the named Plaintiffs, and/or fabricated evidence used to falsely justify the arrest that was otherwise without probable cause.
- 205. Plaintiff resolved the actions against him. Plaintiff ultimately resolved the actions in his favors. Plaintiff suffered damages due to the malicious prosecution brought on by the Defendants in this matter.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs pray for relief as hereinafter set forth.

26

27

28

CAUSES OF ACTION FOR PLAINTIFF TERRY ROBINSON, JR.

TERRY ROBINSON, JR.'S FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

(42 U.S.C. § 1983 –Unreasonable Seizure) (Plaintiff TERRY ROBINSON, JR. Against Defendants NUTT, and DOES 1 - 100)

- 206. The foregoing allegations are realleged and incorporated herein.
- 207. In doing the acts complained of herein, Defendants NUTT, and/or DOES 1-100, individually and/or while acting in concert with one another, did act under color of state law to deprive Plaintiffs as alleged heretofore of certain constitutionally protected rights, including, but not limited to:
- a. The right to be free from unreasonable police use of force in violation of the Fourth Amendment;
- b. The right to be free from unreasonable searches and seizures in violation of the Fourth Amendment.

Said rights are substantive guarantees under the Fourth and/or Fourteenth Amendments to the United States constitution.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs pray for relief as hereinafter set forth.

TERRY ROBINSON, JR.'S SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

(42 U.S.C. § 1981 – Bias)

(Plaintiff TERRY ROBINSON, JR. Against Defendants NUTT, and DOES 1 - 100)

- 208. The foregoing allegations are realleged and incorporated herein.
- 209. In doing the acts complained of herein, Defendants engaged in discriminatory conduct towards minority communities by subjecting them to civil rights violation and more frequent and aggressive policing than similarly situated individuals. These civil rights violations and/or misconduct included, but was not limited to, assaults, beatings, false arrests, unreasonable searches and seizures, intimidation, kidnapping, falsifying reports, denial of equal protection, racial discrimination, conspiracy to violate civil rights and/or other misconduct based on race and/or gender. As a result, Plaintiffs and persons similarly situated to them, were subjected to unequal treatment, civil rights violations, and other misconduct by Defendants.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff pray for relief as hereinafter set forth.

CAUSES OF ACTION FOR PLAINTIFF MANDINGO CAIN

MANDINGO CAIN'S FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION (42 U.S.C. § 1983 –Unreasonable Seizure) (Plaintiff MANDINGO CAIN against Defendants DOES 1 - 100)

- 210. The foregoing allegations are realleged and incorporated herein.
- 211. In doing the acts complained of herein, Defendants DOES 1-100, individually and/or while acting in concert with one another, did act under color of state law to deprive Plaintiffs as alleged heretofore of certain constitutionally protected rights, including, but not limited to:
- a. The right to be free from unreasonable police use of force in violation of the Fourth Amendment;
- b. The right to be free from unreasonable searches and seizures in violation of the Fourth Amendment.

Said rights are substantive guarantees under the Fourth and/or Fourteenth Amendments to the United States constitution.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs pray for relief as hereinafter set forth.

MANDINGO CAIN'S SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION (42 U.S.C. § 1981 – Bias) (Plaintiff MANDINGO CAIN Against Defendants DOES 1 - 100)

- 212. The foregoing allegations are realleged and incorporated herein.
- 213. In doing the acts complained of herein, Defendants engaged in discriminatory conduct towards minority communities by subjecting them to civil rights violation and more frequent and aggressive policing than similarly situated individuals. These civil rights violations and/or misconduct included, but was not limited to, assaults, beatings, false arrests, unreasonable searches and seizures, intimidation, kidnapping, falsifying reports, denial of equal protection, racial discrimination, conspiracy to violate civil rights and/or other misconduct based on race and/or gender. As a result, Plaintiffs and persons similarly situated to them, were subjected to unequal treatment, civil rights violations, and other misconduct by Defendants.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff pray for relief as hereinafter set forth. 1 2 MANDINGO CAIN'S THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION (42 U.S.C. § 1981 - Malicious Prosecution) 3 (Plaintiff MANDINGO CAIN against Defendants DOES 1 - 100) 4 214. The foregoing allegations are realleged and incorporated herein. 5 215. Defendants maliciously prosecuted the Plaintiffs as stated herein. Defendants 6 arrested each of the named plaintiffs without probable cause to arrest them. 7 216. The defendants brought claims against Plaintiffs with subjective malice. Defendants 8 9 used bias, including racial bias, gender bias, sexuality bias, bias against body-types, and/or 10 religious bias in determining their decisions to prosecute the named Plaintiffs, and/or fabricated 11 evidence used to falsely justify the arrest that was otherwise without probable cause. 12 217. Plaintiff resolved the actions against him. Plaintiff ultimately resolved the actions in 13 his favors. Plaintiff suffered damages due to the malicious prosecution brought on by the 14 Defendants in this matter. 15 WHEREFORE, Plaintiff pray for relief as hereinafter set forth. 16 17 CAUSES OF ACTION FOR PLAINTIFF AMADEO GARCIA, JR. 18 AMADEO GARCIA, JR.'S FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION (42 U.S.C. § 1983 –Unreasonable Seizure) 19 (Plaintiff AMADEO GARCIA, JR. against Defendants MARCOTTE, SMITH, RODRIGUEZ, and DOES 1 - 100) 20 218. 21 The foregoing allegations are realleged and incorporated herein. 22 219. In doing the acts complained of herein, Defendants DOES 1-100, individually and/or 23 while acting in concert with one another, did act under color of state law to deprive Plaintiffs as 24 alleged heretofore of certain constitutionally protected rights, including, but not limited to: 25 The right to be free from unreasonable police use of force in violation of the Fourth a. 26 Amendment; b. The right to be free from unreasonable searches and seizures in violation of the Fourth 27 Amendment. 28

1	Said rights are substantive guarantees under the Fourth and/or Fourteenth Amendments to the				
2	United States constitution.				
3	WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs pray for relief as hereinafter set forth.				
4	AMADEO GARCIA, JR.'S SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION				
5	(42 U.S.C. § 1981 – Bias) (Plaintiff AMADEO GARCIA, JR. Against Defendants MARCOTTE, SMITH, RODRIGUEZ,				
6	and DOES 1 - 100)				
7	220. The foregoing allegations are realleged and incorporated herein.				
8	221. In doing the acts complained of herein, Defendants engaged in discriminatory				
9	conduct towards minority communities by subjecting them to civil rights violation and more				
11	frequent and aggressive policing than similarly situated individuals. These civil rights violations				
12	and/or misconduct included, but was not limited to, assaults, beatings, false arrests,				
13	unreasonable searches and seizures, intimidation, kidnapping, falsifying reports, denial of equal				
14	protection, racial discrimination, conspiracy to violate civil rights and/or other misconduct based				
15	on race and/or gender. As a result, Plaintiffs and persons similarly situated to them, were				
16	subjected to unequal treatment, civil rights violations, and other misconduct by Defendants.				
17 18	WHEREFORE, Plaintiff pray for relief as hereinafter set forth.				
19	AMADEO GARCIA, JR.'S THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION				
20	(42 U.S.C. § 1981 - Malicious Prosecution) (Plaintiff AMADEO GARCIA, JR. against Defendants MARCOTTE, SMITH, RODRIGUEZ				
21	and DOES 1 - 100)				
22	The foregoing allegations are realleged and incorporated herein.				
23	223. Defendants maliciously prosecuted the Plaintiffs as stated herein. Defendants				
24	arrested each of the named plaintiffs without probable cause to arrest them.				
25	224. Defendants brought claims against Plaintiff with subjective malice. Defendants used				
26	bias, including racial bias, gender bias, sexuality bias, bias against body-types, and/or religious				
27					
28					

1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
8	
9	
10	
11	
12	
13	
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	
26	
27	

and/or misconduct included, but was not limited to, assaults, beatings, false arrests, unreasonable searches and seizures, intimidation, kidnapping, falsifying reports, denial of equal protection, racial discrimination, conspiracy to violate civil rights and/or other misconduct based on race and/or gender. As a result, Plaintiffs and persons similarly situated to them, were subjected to unequal treatment, civil rights violations, and other misconduct by Defendants.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs pray for relief as hereinafter set forth.

ARON TYSON'S THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION (42 U.S.C. § 1981 - Malicious Prosecution) (Plaintiff ARON TYSON against Defendants and DOES 1 - 100)

- 230. The foregoing allegations are realleged and incorporated herein.
- 231. Defendants maliciously prosecuted the Plaintiffs as stated herein. Defendants arrested each of the named plaintiffs without probable cause to arrest them.
- Defendants brought claims against Plaintiff with subjective malice. Defendants used bias, including racial bias, gender bias, sexuality bias, bias against body-types, and/or religious bias in determining their decisions to prosecute the named Plaintiffs, and/or fabricated evidence used to falsely justify the arrest that was otherwise without probable cause.
- 233. Plaintiff resolved the actions against him. Plaintiff ultimately resolved the actions in his favors. Plaintiff suffered damages due to the malicious prosecution brought on by the Defendants in this matter.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs pray for relief as hereinafter set forth.

CAUSES OF ACTION FOR PLAINTIFF DAUNTE GELLINGTON

<u>DAUNTE GELLINGTON'S FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION</u> (42 U.S.C. § 1983 –Unreasonable Seizure) (Plaintiff DAUNTE GELLINGTON against Defendants DOES 1 - 100)

234. The foregoing allegations are realleged and incorporated herein.

235.	In doing the acts complained of herein, Defendants DOES 1-100, individually and/or
while actin	ng in concert with one another, did act under color of state law to deprive Plaintiffs as
alleged her	retofore of certain constitutionally protected rights, including, but not limited to:

- a. The right to be free from unreasonable police use of force in violation of the Fourth Amendment;
- b. The right to be free from unreasonable searches and seizures in violation of the Fourth Amendment.

Said rights are substantive guarantees under the Fourth and/or Fourteenth Amendments to the United States constitution.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs pray for relief as hereinafter set forth.

<u>DAUNTE GELLINGTON'S SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION</u> (42 U.S.C. § 1981 – Bias) (Plaintiff DAUNTE GELLINGTON Against Defendants DOES 1 - 100)

- 236. The foregoing allegations are realleged and incorporated herein.
- 237. In doing the acts complained of herein, Defendants engaged in discriminatory conduct towards minority communities by subjecting them to civil rights violation and more frequent and aggressive policing than similarly situated individuals. These civil rights violations and/or misconduct included, but was not limited to, assaults, beatings, false arrests, unreasonable searches and seizures, intimidation, kidnapping, falsifying reports, denial of equal protection, racial discrimination, conspiracy to violate civil rights and/or other misconduct based on race and/or gender. As a result, Plaintiffs and persons similarly situated to them, were subjected to unequal treatment, civil rights violations, and other misconduct by Defendants.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs pray for relief as hereinafter set forth.

CAUSES OF ACTION FOR PLAINTIFF ROBERT YOUNG

ROBERT YOUNG'S FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION (42 U.S.C. § 1983 –Unreasonable Seizure) (Plaintiff ROBERT YOUNG against Defendants ROMBOUGH, and DOES 1 - 100)

238. The foregoing allegations are realleged and incorporated herein.

- In doing the acts complained of herein, Defendants ROMBOUGH, and/or DOES 1-100, individually and/or while acting in concert with one another, did act under color of state law to deprive Plaintiffs as alleged heretofore of certain constitutionally protected rights, including, but not limited to:
- a. The right to be free from unreasonable police use of force in violation of the Fourth Amendment;
- b. The right to be free from unreasonable searches and seizures in violation of the Fourth Amendment.

Said rights are substantive guarantees under the Fourth and/or Fourteenth Amendments to the United States constitution.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs pray for relief as hereinafter set forth.

ROBERT YOUNG'S SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION (42 U.S.C. § 1981 – Bias)

(Plaintiff ROBERT YOUNG Against Defendants ROMBOUGH, and DOES 1 - 100)

- 240. The foregoing allegations are realleged and incorporated herein.
- In doing the acts complained of herein, Defendants engaged in discriminatory conduct towards minority communities by subjecting them to civil rights violation and more frequent and aggressive policing than similarly situated individuals. These civil rights violations and/or misconduct included, but was not limited to, assaults, beatings, false arrests, unreasonable searches and seizures, intimidation, kidnapping, falsifying reports, denial of equal protection, racial discrimination, conspiracy to violate civil rights and/or other misconduct based on race and/or gender. As a result, Plaintiffs and persons similarly situated to them, were subjected to unequal treatment, civil rights violations, and other misconduct by Defendants.

CAUSES OF ACTION FOR PLAINTIFF TERRY THOMAS

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs pray for relief as hereinafter set forth.

TERRY THOMAS' FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION (42 U.S.C. § 1983 –Unreasonable Seizure)

- 86 -

1 (2	Plaintiff TERRY THOMAS against Defendants ROMBOUGH, GERBER, HILL, and DOES 1 - 100)				
3	242. The foregoing allegations are realleged and incorporated herein.				
4	243. In doing the acts complained of herein, Defendants ROMBOUGH, GERBER, HILL,				
5	and/or DOES 1-100, individually and/or while acting in concert with one another, did act under				
6	color of state law to deprive Plaintiffs as alleged heretofore of certain constitutionally protected				
7	rights, including, but not limited to:				
8	a. The right to be free from unreasonable police use of force in violation of the Fourth Amendment;				
10	b. The right to be free from unreasonable searches and seizures in violation of the Fourth Amendment.				
11	Said rights are substantive guarantees under the Fourth and/or Fourteenth Amendments to the				
12	United States constitution.				
13 14	WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs pray for relief as hereinafter set forth.				
15	TERRY THOMAS' SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION				
16	(42 U.S.C. § 1981 – Bias) Plaintiff TERRY THOMAS Against Defendants ROMBOUGH, GERBER, HILL, and DOES 1 - 100)				
17	244. The foregoing allegations are realleged and incorporated herein.				
18 19	245. In doing the acts complained of herein, Defendants engaged in discriminatory				
20	conduct towards minority communities by subjecting them to civil rights violation and more				
21	frequent and aggressive policing than similarly situated individuals. These civil rights violations				
22	and/or misconduct included, but was not limited to, assaults, beatings, false arrests,				
23	unreasonable searches and seizures, intimidation, kidnapping, falsifying reports, denial of equal				
24	protection, racial discrimination, conspiracy to violate civil rights and/or other misconduct based				
25	on race and/or gender. As a result, Plaintiffs and persons similarly situated to them, were				
26 27	subjected to unequal treatment, civil rights violations, and other misconduct by Defendants.				
28	WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs pray for relief as hereinafter set forth.				
	- 87 -				

1			TERRY THOMAS' THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION (42 U.S. C. & 1081 Mulicious Prosposition)		
2	(42 U.S.C. § 1981 - Malicious Prosecution) (Plaintiff TERRY THOMAS against Defendants ROMBOUGH, GERBER, HILL, and DOES 1 - 100)				
3 4		246.	The foregoing allegations are realleged and incorporated herein.		
5		247.	Defendants maliciously prosecuted the Plaintiffs as stated herein. Defendants		
6		arrested e	ach of the named Plaintiffs without probable cause to arrest them.		
7		248.	Defendants brought claims against Plaintiffs with subjective malice. Defendants used		
8		bias, inclu	iding racial bias, gender bias, sexuality bias, bias against body-types, and/or religious		
9 10		bias in det	termining their decisions to prosecute the named Plaintiffs, and/or fabricated evidence		
10		used to fa	lsely justify the arrest that was otherwise without probable cause.		
12		249.	Plaintiff resolved the actions against him. Plaintiff ultimately resolved the actions in		
13		his favors	. Plaintiff suffered damages due to the malicious prosecution brought on by the		
14		Defendan	ts in this matter.		
15		WHE	REFORE, Plaintiffs pray for relief as hereinafter set forth.		
16			CAUSES OF ACTION FOR PLAINTIFF SHAQUILLE HILLARD		
171819	(Pla	aintiff SH	SHAQUILLE HILLARD'S FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION (42 U.S.C. § 1983 –Unreasonable Seizure) AQUILLE HILLARD against Defendants HUGHES, AMIRI, and DOES 1 - 100)		
20		250.	The foregoing allegations are realleged and incorporated herein.		
21		251.	In doing the acts complained of herein, Defendants HUGHES, AMIRI, and/or DOES		
22		1-100, inc	lividually and/or while acting in concert with one another, did act under color of state		
23		law to dep	prive Plaintiffs as alleged heretofore of certain constitutionally protected rights,		
24		including,	but not limited to:		
2526	a.		ght to be free from unreasonable police use of force in violation of the Fourth dment;		
27 28	b.		ght to be free from unreasonable searches and seizures in violation of the Fourth dment.		

28

Said rights are substantive guarantees under the Fourth and/or Fourteenth Amendments to the United States constitution.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs pray for relief as hereinafter set forth.

SHAQUILLE HILLARD'S SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

(42 U.S.C. § 1981 – Bias)

(Plaintiff SHAQUILLE HILLARD Against Defendants HUGHES, AMIRI, and DOES 1 - 100)

- 252. The foregoing allegations are realleged and incorporated herein.
- 253. In doing the acts complained of herein, Defendants engaged in discriminatory conduct towards minority communities by subjecting them to civil rights violation and more frequent and aggressive policing than similarly situated individuals. These civil rights violations and/or misconduct included, but was not limited to, assaults, beatings, false arrests, unreasonable searches and seizures, intimidation, kidnapping, falsifying reports, denial of equal protection, racial discrimination, conspiracy to violate civil rights and/or other misconduct based on race and/or gender. As a result, Plaintiffs and persons similarly situated to them, were subjected to unequal treatment, civil rights violations, and other misconduct by Defendants.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs pray for relief as hereinafter set forth.

SHAQUILLE HILLARD'S THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

(42 U.S.C. § 1981 - Malicious Prosecution)

(Plaintiff SHAQUILLE HILLARD against Defendants HUGHES, AMIRI, and DOES 1 - 100)

- 254. The foregoing allegations are realleged and incorporated herein.
- 255. Defendants maliciously prosecuted the Plaintiffs as stated herein. Defendants arrested each of the named plaintiffs without probable cause to arrest them.
- Defendants brought claims against Plaintiff with subjective malice. Defendants used bias, including racial bias, gender bias, sexuality bias, bias against body-types, and/or religious bias in determining their decisions to prosecute the named Plaintiffs, and/or fabricated evidence used to falsely justify the arrest that was otherwise without probable cause.

1	257. Plaintiff resolved the actions against him. Plaintiff ultimately resolved the actions in				
2	his favors. Plaintiff suffered damages due to the malicious prosecution brought on by the				
3	Defendants in this matter.				
4	WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs pray for relief as hereinafter set forth.				
5	CAUSES OF ACTION FOR PLAINTIFF DANYEL EARL LACY				
6					
7 8	DANYEL EARL LACY'S FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION (42 U.S.C. § 1983 –Unreasonable Seizure) (Plaintiff DANYEL EARL LACY against Defendants ROMBOUGH, MANLY WILLIAMS, HUGHES, and DOES 1 - 100)				
9 10	258. The foregoing allegations are realleged and incorporated herein.				
11	259. In doing the acts complained of herein, Defendants ROMBOUGH, MANLY				
12	WILLIAMS, HUGHES, and/or DOES 1-100, individually and/or while acting in concert with				
13	one another, did act under color of state law to deprive Plaintiffs as alleged heretofore of certain				
14	constitutionally protected rights, including, but not limited to:				
15	a. The right to be free from unreasonable police use of force in violation of the Fourth				
1617	Amendment; b. The right to be free from unreasonable searches and seizures in violation of the Fourth Amendment.				
18	Said rights are substantive guarantees under the Fourth and/or Fourteenth Amendments to the				
19	United States constitution.				
20	WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs pray for relief as hereinafter set forth.				
21	DANYEL EARL LACY'S SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION				
22 23	(42 U.S.C. § 1981 – Bias) (Plaintiff DANYEL EARL LACY Against Defendants ROMBOUGH, MANLY WILLIAMS, HUGHES, and DOES 1 - 100)				
24	260. The foregoing allegations are realleged and incorporated herein.				
25	261. In doing the acts complained of herein, Defendants engaged in discriminatory				
26	conduct towards minority communities by subjecting them to civil rights violation and more				
27 28	frequent and aggressive policing than similarly situated individuals. These civil rights violations				

and/or misconduct included, but was not limited to, assaults, beatings, false arrests, unreasonable searches and seizures, intimidation, kidnapping, falsifying reports, denial of equal protection, racial discrimination, conspiracy to violate civil rights and/or other misconduct based on race and/or gender. As a result, Plaintiffs and persons similarly situated to them, were subjected to unequal treatment, civil rights violations, and other misconduct by Defendants.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs pray for relief as hereinafter set forth.

DANYEL EARL LACY'S THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

(42 U.S.C. § 1981 - Malicious Prosecution)

(Plaintiff DANYEL EARL LACY against Defendants ROMBOUGH, MANLY WILLIAMS, HUGHES, and DOES 1 - 100)

- 262. The foregoing allegations are realleged and incorporated herein.
- 263. Defendants maliciously prosecuted the Plaintiffs as stated herein. Defendants arrested each of the named plaintiffs without probable cause to arrest them.
- Defendants brought claims against Plaintiff with subjective malice. Defendants used bias, including racial bias, gender bias, sexuality bias, bias against body-types, and/or religious bias in determining their decisions to prosecute the named Plaintiffs, and/or fabricated evidence used to falsely justify the arrest that was otherwise without probable cause.
- 265. Plaintiff resolved the actions against him. Plaintiff ultimately resolved the actions in his favors. Plaintiff suffered damages due to the malicious prosecution brought on by the Defendants in this matter.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs pray for relief as hereinafter set forth.

CAUSES OF ACTION FOR PLAINTIFF KAYCEE SUITTER

KAYCEE SUITTER'S FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

(42 U.S.C. § 1983 –Unreasonable Seizure)

(Plaintiff KAYCEE SUITTER against Defendants MARCOTTE, SMITH, RODRIGUEZ, and DOES 1 - 100)

266. The foregoing allegations are realleged and incorporated herein.

28

25

26

27

28

267.	In doing the acts complained of herein, Defendants MARCOTTE, SMITH,
RODRIG	JEZ, and/or DOES 1-100, individually and/or while acting in concert with one
another, di	d act under color of state law to deprive Plaintiff as alleged heretofore of certain
constitutio	nally protected rights, including, but not limited to:

- a. The right to be free from unreasonable police use of force in violation of the Fourth Amendment;
- b. The right to be free from unreasonable searches and seizures in violation of the Fourth Amendment.

Said rights are substantive guarantees under the Fourth and/or Fourteenth Amendments to the United States constitution.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs pray for relief as hereinafter set forth.

KAYCEE SUITTER'S SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

(42 U.S.C. § 1981 – Bias)

(Plaintiff KAYCEE SUITTER Against Defendants MARCOTTE, SMITH, RODRIGUEZ, and DOES 1 - 100)

268. The foregoing allegations are realleged and incorporated herein.

269. In doing the acts complained of herein, Defendants engaged in discriminatory conduct towards minority communities by subjecting them to civil rights violation and more frequent and aggressive policing than similarly situated individuals. These civil rights violations and/or misconduct included, but was not limited to, assaults, beatings, false arrests, unreasonable searches and seizures, intimidation, kidnapping, falsifying reports, denial of equal protection, racial discrimination, conspiracy to violate civil rights and/or other misconduct based on race and/or gender. As a result, Plaintiffs and persons similarly situated to them, were subjected to unequal treatment, civil rights violations, and other misconduct by Defendants.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs pray for relief as hereinafter set forth.

KAYCEE SUITTER'S THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

(42 U.S.C. § 1981 - Malicious Prosecution)

(Plaintiff KAYCEE SUITTER against Defendants MARCOTTE, SMITH, RODRIGUEZ, and DOES 1 - 100)

- 270. The foregoing allegations are realleged and incorporated herein.
- 271. Defendants maliciously prosecuted the Plaintiffs as stated herein. Defendants arrested each of the named plaintiffs without probable cause to arrest them.
- Defendants brought claims against Plaintiffs with subjective malice. Defendants used bias, including racial bias, gender bias, sexuality bias, bias against body-types, and/or religious bias in determining their decisions to prosecute the named Plaintiffs, and/or fabricated evidence used to falsely justify the arrest that was otherwise without probable cause.
- 273. Plaintiff resolved the actions against her. Plaintiff ultimately resolved the actions in her favor. Plaintiff suffered damages due to the malicious prosecution brought on by the Defendants in this matter.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs pray for relief as hereinafter set forth.

CAUSES OF ACTION FOR PLAINTIFF MARCELL LEWIS

MARCELL LEWIS' FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION (42 U.S.C. § 1983 –Unreasonable Seizure) (Plaintiff MARCELL LEWIS against Defendants AMIRI, and DOES 1 - 100)

- 274. The foregoing allegations are realleged and incorporated herein.
- 275. In doing the acts complained of herein, Defendants AMIRI, and/or DOES 1-100, individually and/or while acting in concert with one another, did act under color of state law to deprive Plaintiffs as alleged heretofore of certain constitutionally protected rights, including, but not limited to:
- a. The right to be free from unreasonable police use of force in violation of the Fourth Amendment;
- b. The right to be free from unreasonable searches and seizures in violation of the Fourth Amendment.

Said rights are substantive guarantees under the Fourth and/or Fourteenth Amendments to the United States constitution.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs pray for relief as hereinafter set forth.

MARCELL LEWIS' SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

(42 U.S.C. § 1981 – Bias)

(Plaintiff MARCELL LEWIS Against Defendants AMIRI, and DOES 1 - 100)

276. The foregoing allegations are realleged and incorporated herein.

277. In doing the acts complained of herein, Defendants engaged in discriminatory conduct towards minority communities by subjecting them to civil rights violation and more frequent and aggressive policing than similarly situated individuals. These civil rights violations and/or misconduct included, but was not limited to, assaults, beatings, false arrests, unreasonable searches and seizures, intimidation, kidnapping, falsifying reports, denial of equal protection, racial discrimination, conspiracy to violate civil rights and/or other misconduct based on race and/or gender. As a result, Plaintiffs and persons similarly situated to them, were subjected to unequal treatment, civil rights violations, and other misconduct by Defendants. WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs pray for relief as hereinafter set forth.

MARCELL LEWIS' THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION (42 U.S.C. § 1981 - Malicious Prosecution) (Plaintiff MARCELL LEWIS against Defendants AMIRI, and DOES 1 - 100)

- 278. The foregoing allegations are realleged and incorporated herein.
- 279. Defendants maliciously prosecuted the Plaintiffs as stated herein. Defendants arrested each of the named plaintiffs without probable cause to arrest them.
- 280. Defendants brought claims against Plaintiff with subjective malice. Defendants used bias, including racial bias, gender bias, sexuality bias, bias against body-types, and/or religious bias in determining their decisions to prosecute the named Plaintiffs, and/or fabricated evidence used to falsely justify the arrest that was otherwise without probable cause.
- 281. Plaintiff resolved the actions against him. Plaintiff ultimately resolved the actions in his favors. Plaintiff suffered damages due to the malicious prosecution brought on by the Defendants in this matter.

28

23

24

25

26

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs pray for relief as hereinafter set forth.

CAUSES OF ACTION FOR PLAINTIFF GREGORIO YARBOROUGH

GREGORIO YARBOROUGH'S FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION (42 U.S.C. § 1983 –Unreasonable Seizure)

(Plaintiff GREGORIO YARBOROUGH against Defendants GEIS, and DOES 1 - 100)

- 282. The foregoing allegations are realleged and incorporated herein.
- 283. In doing the acts complained of herein, Defendants GEIS, and/or DOES 1-100, individually and/or while acting in concert with one another, did act under color of state law to deprive Plaintiffs as alleged heretofore of certain constitutionally protected rights, including, but not limited to:
- a. The right to be free from unreasonable police use of force in violation of the Fourth Amendment;
- b. The right to be free from unreasonable searches and seizures in violation of the Fourth Amendment.
 Said rights are substantive guarantees under the Fourth and/or Fourteenth Amendments to the United States constitution.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs pray for relief as hereinafter set forth.

GREGORIO YARBOROUGH'S SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION (42 U.S.C. § 1981 – Bias)

(Plaintiff GREGORIO YARBOROUGH Against Defendants GEIS, and DOES 1 - 100)

- 284. The foregoing allegations are realleged and incorporated herein.
- 285. In doing the acts complained of herein, Defendants engaged in discriminatory conduct towards minority communities by subjecting them to civil rights violation and more frequent and aggressive policing than similarly situated individuals. These civil rights violations and/or misconduct included, but was not limited to, assaults, beatings, false arrests, unreasonable searches and seizures, intimidation, kidnapping, falsifying reports, denial of equal protection, racial discrimination, conspiracy to violate civil rights and/or other misconduct based

on race and/or gender. As a result, Plaintiffs and persons similarly situated to them, were subjected to unequal treatment, civil rights violations, and other misconduct by Defendants.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs pray for relief as hereinafter set forth.

GREGORIO YARBOROUGH'S THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION (42 U.S.C. § 1981 - Malicious Prosecution)

(Plaintiff GREGORIO YARBOROUGH against Defendants GEIS, and DOES 1 - 100)

- 286. The foregoing allegations are realleged and incorporated herein.
- 287. Defendants maliciously prosecuted the Plaintiffs as stated herein. Defendants arrested each of the named plaintiffs without probable cause to arrest them.
- Defendants brought claims against Plaintiff with subjective malice. Defendants used bias, including racial bias, gender bias, sexuality bias, bias against body-types, and/or religious bias in determining their decisions to prosecute the named Plaintiffs, and/or fabricated evidence used to falsely justify the arrest that was otherwise without probable cause.
- 289. Plaintiff resolved the actions against him. Plaintiff ultimately resolved the actions in his favors. Plaintiff suffered damages due to the malicious prosecution brought on by the Defendants in this matter.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs pray for relief as hereinafter set forth.

CAUSES OF ACTION FOR PLAINTIFF QUINCY MASON

QUINCY MASON'S FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

(42 U.S.C. § 1983 –Unreasonable Seizure)

 $(Plaintiff\ QUINCY\ MASON\ against\ Defendants\ ROMBOUGH,\ EVANS,\ and\ DOES\ 1\ -\ 100)$

- 290. The foregoing allegations are realleged and incorporated herein.
- 291. In doing the acts complained of herein, Defendants DOES 1-100, individually and/or while acting in concert with one another, did act under color of state law to deprive Plaintiffs as alleged heretofore of certain constitutionally protected rights, including, but not limited to:
- a. The right to be free from unreasonable police use of force in violation of the Fourth Amendment;

b. The right to be free from unreasonable searches and seizures in violation of the Fourth Amendment.
 Said rights are substantive guarantees under the Fourth and/or Fourteenth Amendments to the United States constitution.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs pray for relief as hereinafter set forth.

QUINCY MASON'S SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

(42 U.S.C. § 1981 – Bias)

(Plaintiff QUINCY MASON Against Defendants ROMBOUGH, EVANS, and DOES 1 - 100)

- 292. The foregoing allegations are realleged and incorporated herein.
- 293. In doing the acts complained of herein, Defendants engaged in discriminatory conduct towards minority communities by subjecting them to civil rights violation and more frequent and aggressive policing than similarly situated individuals. These civil rights violations and/or misconduct included, but was not limited to, assaults, beatings, false arrests, unreasonable searches and seizures, intimidation, kidnapping, falsifying reports, denial of equal protection, racial discrimination, conspiracy to violate civil rights and/or other misconduct based on race and/or gender. As a result, Plaintiffs and persons similarly situated to them, were subjected to unequal treatment, civil rights violations, and other misconduct by Defendants.

 WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs pray for relief as hereinafter set forth.

CAUSES OF ACTION FOR PLAINTIFF TEHJAY MCCULLOUGH

TEHJAY MCCULLOUGH'S FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

(42 U.S.C. § 1983 –Unreasonable Seizure)
(Plaintiff TEHJAY MCCULLOUGH against Defendants PRIETO, RODRIGUEZ, MOORE, AMIRI, and DOES 1 - 100)

- 294. The foregoing allegations are realleged and incorporated herein.
- 295. In doing the acts complained of herein, Defendants PRIETO, RODRIGUEZ, and/or DOES 1-100, individually and/or while acting in concert with one another, did act under color of state law to deprive Plaintiffs as alleged heretofore of certain constitutionally protected rights, including, but not limited to:

- 98 -

305. In doing the acts complained of herein, Defendants engaged in discriminatory conduct towards minority communities by subjecting them to civil rights violation and more frequent and aggressive policing than similarly situated individuals. These civil rights violations and/or misconduct included, but was not limited to, assaults, beatings, false arrests, unreasonable searches and seizures, intimidation, kidnapping, falsifying reports, denial of equal protection, racial discrimination, conspiracy to violate civil rights and/or other misconduct based on race and/or gender. As a result, Plaintiffs and persons similarly situated to them, were subjected to unequal treatment, civil rights violations, and other misconduct by Defendants.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs pray for relief as hereinafter set forth.

JAMARI ALLEN'S THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

(42 U.S.C. § 1981 - Malicious Prosecution) (Plaintiff JAMARI ALLEN against Defendants AMIRI, WENGER, and DOES 1 - 100)

The foregoing allegations are realleged and incorporated herein.

307. Defendants maliciously prosecuted Plaintiff as stated herein. Defendants arrested Plaintiff without probable cause. The defendants brought claims against Plaintiff with subjective malice. Defendants used bias, including racial bias, gender bias, sexuality bias, bias against body-types, and/or religious bias in determining their decisions to prosecute Plaintiff, and/or fabricated evidence used to falsely justify the arrest that was otherwise without probable cause.

308. Plaintiff resolved the actions against him. Plaintiff ultimately resolved the actions in his favor. Plaintiff suffered damages due to the malicious prosecution brought on by the Defendants in this matter.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs pray for relief as hereinafter set forth.

CAUSES OF ACTION FOR ALL PLAINTIFFS

FIRST COMMON CAUSE OF ACTION

Monell - 42 U.S.C. § 1983

(All Plaintiffs Against Defendants CITY OF ANTIOCH, BERNAL, JOHNSON, EBBS, REED, BROOKS, MOREFIELD, FORD, WISECARVER, HOFFMAN, and DOES 1-100)

The foregoing allegations are realleged and incorporated herein.

- 310. DEFENDANT Officers and Sergeants acted under color of state law at all times relevant to this Complaint. DEFENDANT Officers' and Sergeants acts, as alleged herein, deprived Plaintiffs of their Fourth and Fourteenth Amendment rights under the United States Constitution;
- 311. Defendants CITY OF ANTIOCH, BERNAL, JOHNSON, EBBS, and REED, and together with DOES 1-100 through their employment by CITY OF ANTIOCH, were at all times relevant hereto the final policy-makers for Defendant CITY OF ANTIOCH and the ANTIOCH POLICE DEPARTMENT, and thereby acted under color of state law.
- Defendants BROOKS, MOREFIELD, FORD, WISECARVER, HOFFMAN, and together with DOES 1-100 through their employment as leadership, supervisors, and command staff for the CITY OF ANTIOCH POLICE DEPARTMENT had the duty to communicate the misconduct they witnessed by DEFENDANTS alleged herein and thus had actual or constructive notice and duty to investigate, impose discipline, and report to CITY OF ANTIOCH Managers recommendations to change policies and conduct to put a stop to the widespread misconduct.
- As against Defendant CITY OF ANTIOCH, and Defendant CITY Managers
 BERNAL, JOHNSON, EBBS, and REED, and/or DOES 1-100, in their capacity as official and
 ultimate policy-maker(s) for the CITY OF ANTIOCH, including the policies and practices or
 lack of policies and practices of the ANTIOCH POLICE DEPARTMENT. Plaintiffs, and each
 of them, further allege that the acts and/or omissions alleged in the Complaint herein are
 representative of a repeated course of conduct by members of the CITY OF ANTIOCH Police
 Department tantamount to a custom, policy, or repeated practice of condoning and tacitly
 encouraging the abuse of police authority, and disregard for the constitutional rights of citizens.

Plaintiffs are informed and believe and thereon allege that Defendants were biased
toward the public. Defendants demonstrated bias, including, but not limited to, bias toward the
race, gender, and ethnicity of the Plaintiffs. In doing the acts complained of herein, Defendants,
and/or DOES 1-100, individually and/or while acting in concert with one another, engaged in a
pattern and practice of discriminatory conduct towards minority communities by subjecting
them to more frequent and aggressive policing than similarly situated individuals of a different
race, gender, and sexual orientation, by using racial slurs, excessive force, and harassment
tactics, and by denying them the same level of protection and services afforded to individuals of
a different race. These civil rights violations and/or misconduct included, but was not limited to,
assaults, beatings, false arrests, unreasonable searches and seizures, intimidation, kidnapping,
falsifying reports, denial of equal protection, racial discrimination, conspiracy to violate civil
rights and/or other misconduct based on race and/or gender.

Plaintiffs are further informed and believe and thereon allege that said misconduct included, but was not limited to, subjecting people living, visiting, and/or traveling in Antioch neighborhoods to disparate treatment because of their race and/or gender. As a result, Plaintiffs and persons similarly situated to them, were subjected to unequal treatment, civil rights violations, and other misconduct by Defendants.

Plaintiffs are informed and believe and thereon allege that as a matter of official policy—rooted in an entrenched posture of deliberate indifference to the constitutional rights of Black people who live, visit, and/or travel within Antioch in particular—Defendants CITY OF ANTIOCH and under the policy-making power of the CITY Managers BERNAL, JOHNSON, EBBS, and REED, has long allowed Plaintiffs and persons similarly situated to them, to be abused by its Police Officers, including by DEFENDANTS NUTT, EVANS, ROMBOUGH, AMIRI, DUGGAR, RAMIREZ, MANLY WILLIAMS, LENDERMAN, BLEDSOE, THOMAS

SMITH, PRIETO, RODRIGUEZ, ADAMS, WENGER, HARRIS, GERBER, HILL,
MARCOTTE, HUGHES, GUISE, WISECARVER, HOFFMAN, and/or other CITY Of
ANTIOCH Police Officers (DOES-100).

317. Plaintiffs are further informed and believe and thereon allege that despite the repeated and frequent nature of the misconduct and civil rights violations committed by Defendants NUTT, EVANS, ROMBOUGH, AMIRI, DUGGAR, RAMIREZ, MANLY WILLIAMS, LENDERMAN, BLEDSOE, THOMAS SMITH, PRIETO, RODRIGUEZ, ADAMS, WENGER, HARRIS, GERBER, HILL, and DOES 1-100, high ranking CITY OF ANTIOCH officials and/or police department supervisors, including but not limited to Defendants BROOKS, MOREFIELD, FORD, EVANS, BLEDSOE, DOES 1-100, and each of them, individually and/or acting in concert with one another, failed to take any or appropriate remedial action prior to the subject incidents involving the Plaintiffs. As a result, Defendants engaged in repeated and serious acts of misconduct and civil rights violations against citizens living, visiting, and/or traveling in Antioch.

Plaintiffs are informed and believe and thereon allege that Plaintiffs, and each of them, suffered the violation of their constitutional rights as a result of customs, policies, patterns and/or practices of Defendants CITY OF ANTIOCH, BERNAL, JOHNSON, EBBS, REED, Defendants BROOKS, MOREFIELD, FORD, EVANS, BLEDSOE, DOES 1-100, and each of them; including, but not limited to, deliberate indifference in the hiring, supervision, training, and discipline of members of the Antioch Police Department, including the named Defendant Officers and Officers DOES 1-100, and/or each of them as set forth in this Complaint.

Therefore, Plaintiffs also seek relief against the Defendants for their failure to take reasonable steps to prevent and remedy the discriminatory conduct of its officers.

Plaintiffs further allege that the actions/inactions of Defendants CITY OF
ANTIOCH, BERNAL, JOHNSON, EBBS, REED, Defendants BROOKS, MOREFIELD,
FORD, EVANS, BLEDSOE, DOES 1-100, were so closely related to the deprivation of the
Plaintiffs' rights as to be the moving force that has caused Plaintiffs to suffer damages,
including but not limited to physical harm, emotional distress, and/or injury to reputation.
320. Upon information and belief, Plaintiffs further allege that numerous African
Americans were systematically physically and verbally harassed by members of the CITY OF
ANTIOCH Police Department when they were stopped for "walking while black" or "driving
while black" without probable cause or reasonable suspicion, searched without consent, and
verbally abused. Plaintiffs further allege that Defendant CITY OF ANTIOCH Police
Department encouraged, condoned, and ratified its police officers long-standing, deep-rooted
racist, homophobic, and misogynistic actions, statements, and conduct as illustrated by the vile
and despicable text messages described herein, which were circulated amongst nearly half of the
Police Department, including some supervising and command staff. In spite of legal obligation
to report the conduct admitted to in the text messages, and to also report the racist and
misogynistic statements themselves to command staff, Plaintiffs allege the text messages went
unreported and were only discovered by the F.B.I. secondary to an investigation of a steroid
distribution ring in the CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Department. The messaging was so
widespread that CITY Police Department command staff must have known of the actions and
attitudes reflected in the widely-shared text messages, but looked the other way. This is
supported by text message receipts, in which Defendant Officers described the frequent use of
the word "nigger" throughout the CITY Police Department ranks, including Sergeants who had
the duty to report to higher ranking and superior officers, and/or to intercede when they
witnessed their supervisees engaging in said misconduct.

Plaintiffs are further informed and believe and thereon allege that the acts alleged
herein are the direct, foreseeable, and and proximate result of the deliberate indifference of
Defendants CITY OF ANTIOCH, BERNAL, JOHNSON, EBBS, REED, Defendants BROOKS,
MOREFIELD, FORD, EVANS, BLEDSOE, WISECARVER, HOFFMAN, DOES 1-100, and
each of them, to repeated acts of police misconduct which were tacitly authorized, encouraged,
or condoned by Defendants CITY OF ANTIOCH, BERNAL, JOHNSON, EBBS, and REED,
by way of policy actions and inaction; as well as the conduct and failure to report, communicate,
and/or intercede by Defendants BROOKS, MOREFIELD, FORD, BLEDSOE, EVANS,
WISECARVER, HOFFMAN, DOES 1-100, and each of them.

- Plaintiffs are further informed and believe and thereon allege that their damages sustained as alleged herein were the actual and proximate result of Defendants, CITY OF ANTIOCH, BERNAL, JOHNSON, EBBS, and REED's, municipal customs and/or policies of deliberate indifference in the training, supervision, and/or discipline of members of the CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Department.
- Plaintiffs are further informed and believe and thereon allege that Plaintiffs' damages and injuries were caused by the customs, policies, patterns, or practices of the CITY OF ANTIOCH, BERNAL, JOHNSON, EBBS, REED, and Police Department Superior Officers BROOKS, MOREFIELD, FORD, BLEDSOE, DOES 1-100, and each of them, of deliberate indifference in the training, supervision, and/or discipline of Defendant Antioch Police Officers and Sergeants named in this Complaint, DOES 1-100, and/or each of them. There was no discipline against any of the named Defendant Officers for their conduct.
- 324. The aforementioned customs, policies, or practices of Defendants CITY OF ANTIOCH, by way of Defendants City Managers BERNAL, JOHNSON, EBBS, and REED as official policymakers, as well as the CITY's Commanding Officers Defendant BROOKS,

MOREFIELD, FORD, DOES 1-100, and each of them, resulted in the deprivation of Plaintiffs' connotational rights including, but not limited to, the following:

- . The right to be free from excessive and unnecessary police use of force;
- b. The right to a Familial Relationship.
- c. The right to be free from Racial Bias in the conduct of Antioch police officers in violation of 42. U.S.C. section 1981.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs pray for relief as hereinafter set forth.

SECOND COMMON CAUSE OF ACTION 42 U.S.C. § 1985-86 – Conspiracy To Violate Civil Rights (All Plaintiffs Against All Defendants, and DOES 1 - 100)

325. The foregoing allegations are realleged and incorporated herein.

The collective actions by Defendant Officers named herein show a conspiracy within the CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Department by CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Officers to violated Plaintiffs' Civil Rights by acting in concert to illegally detain, search, assault, wrongfully arrest people, subject people to malicious prosecution, and discriminate against the citizenry based on their race, ethnicity, and gender. This conspiracy to deprive the Plaintiffs of their legal and constitutional rights within the CITY OF ANTIOCH Police Department directly lead to officers within the department to deprive people of the constitutional rights and to act with discrimination and racial bias when interacting with people. This deprivation of constitutional rights, bias and discrimination directly lead to the Plaintiffs suffering from damages stemming from the wrongful acts committed by the defendant officers against the Plaintiffs.

In doing the acts complained of herein, Defendants CITY, BROOKS, MOREFIELD, FORD, NUTT, EVANS, ROMBOUGH, AMIRI, DUGGAR, RAMIREZ, MANLY WILLIAMS, LENDERMAN, BLEDSOE, THOMAS SMITH, PRIETO, RODRIGUEZ, ADAMS, WENGER, HARRIS, GERBER, HILL, MARCOTTE, HUGHES, GEIS, MOORE, WISECARVER, HOFFMAN, and/or DOES 1-100, individually and/or while acting in concert with one another, conspired for the purpose of depriving Plaintiffs and/or persons similarly

1	100, Plaintiffs and persons similarly situated to them are entitled to recover damages in amounts
2	to be determined according to proof.
3	WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs pray for relief as hereinafter set forth.
4	
5	JURY DEMAND
6	Plaintiffs hereby demand a jury trial in this action.
7	<u>PRAYER</u>
8	WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs pray for relief, as follows:
9 10	For general damages according to proof;
11	2. For special damages, including but not limited to, past, present and/or future wage loss,
12	income and support, medical expenses and other special damages in a sum to be
13	determined according to proof;
14	3. For punitive damages and exemplary damages in amounts to be determined according to
15	proof as to the individually named Defendants, and DOES 1-100, or each of them;
16 17	4. Any and all permissible statutory damages;
18	5. For reasonable attorney's fees pursuant to 42 U.S.C. §1988;
19	6. For cost of suit herein incurred;
20	7. For injunctive relief, including necessary policy and practice changes to Defendant CITY
21	OF ANTIOCH'S police department and Court Monitoring to ensure compliance with
22	such necessary policy and practice changes; and
23	8. For such other and further relief as the Court deems just and proper.
24	
25	
26	DATED: May 13, 2024 BURRIS NISENBAUM CURRY & LACY LLP
27	
28	

Case 3:23-cv-01895-VC Document 112 Filed 05/13/24 Page 109 of 109

ļ	
1	/s/ John L. Burris John L. Burris
2 3	Benjamin Nisenbaum James Cook
4	Attorneys for Plaintiffs
5	
6	
7	
8	
9	
10	
11	
12	
13	
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	
26	
27	
28	100
	- 109 - First Amended Consolidated Complaint for Damages
	Allen et al. v. City of Antioch, et al. 3:23-cv-01895-VC